## **Tax Administration 2023**

Comparative Information on OECD and Other Advanced and Emerging Economies

The information in this document relates to Fiscal Year 2021 and is based on the OECD report *Tax Administration 2023: Comparative Information on OECD and Other Advanced and Emerging Economies* (TAS 2023), data for which has been provided by participating tax administrations through the International Survey on Revenue Administration (ISORA). The report provides internationally comparative data on aspects of tax systems and their administration in 58 OECD and other advanced and emerging economies. For the definitions of the terms used, please consult TAS 2023.



## South Africa (ZAF)

Collection and expenditure

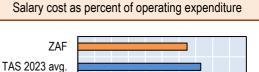
Total net revenue collected (in millions of local currency)

1 325 906

Total operating expenditure of the tax administration (in millions of local currency)

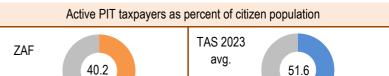
8 941

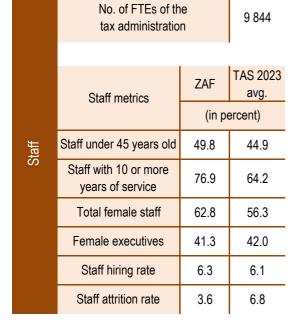
Net revenue collection of the tax administration					
As a percent of total government revenue	Net revenue composition by major revenue type (%)				
	PIT	CIT	VAT	SSC	Other
79.0	54.3	15.6	20.3	1.4	8.4

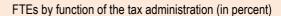


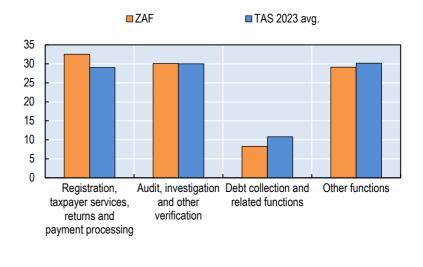
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

	Active taxpayers (in millions)			
ayer latior	PIT	CIT	VAT	
Taxp popul	23.86	3.12	0.88	

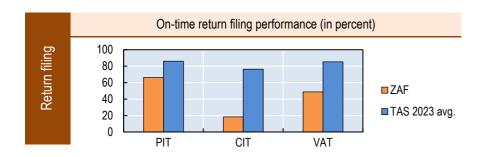








## South Africa (ZAF)



Returns filed electronically (in percent)			
	7AF	TAS 2023	
	۷۸۱	avg.	
PIT	100.0	87.0	
CIT	99.9	94.9	
VAT	91.6	97.1	

Audits with adjustment as a percent of audits completed

ZAF

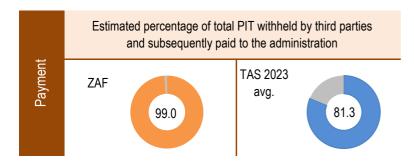
ZAF

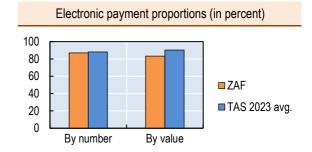
Z7.6

TAS 2023
avg.

62.1

Additional assessments through audits	ZAF	TAS 2023 avg.
as a percent of tax collections	3.8	3.7





<b>G</b>		ZAF	TAS 2023 avg.
Debt	Total year-end arrears as a percent of total net revenue	19.1	31.8
8	Collectable arrears as a percent of total year-end arrears	80.1	55.2
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Caveat

Tax administrations operate in varied environments, and the way in which they each administer their taxation system differs in respect to their policy and legislative environment and their administrative practice and culture. As such, a standard approach to tax administration may be neither practical nor desirable in a particular instance. Therefore, TAS 2023 and the observations it makes need to be interpreted with this in mind. Care should be taken when considering a jurisdiction's practices to fully appreciate the complex factors that have shaped a particular approach. Similarly, regard needs to be had to the distinct challenges and priorities each administration is managing.

덛	PIT: Personal income tax	SSC: Social security contributions	
ge	CIT: Corporate income tax	FTEs: Full time employees	
Le	VAT: Value added tax	N.A.: Data not available	

Access the 2023 publication and data: <a href="https://oe.cd/TAS">https://oe.cd/TAS</a>

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