

## The Role of Fisheries in Developing Country Economies

Table 5.1 Countries in which fisheries is highly significant in both trade and consumption and/or employment and poverty terms<sup>45</sup>

Region	Both	Trade/consumption only	Employment/rural poverty only
1. Latin America		Peru, Venezuela.	Ecuador, Panama.
2. Africa –PRSP states	Ghana, Madagascar, Senegal, Sierra Leone.	Guinea, Mozambique, Tanzania.	Chad.
3. Africa – Others	Tunisia	Angola, Republic of Congo, Gabon, Morocco.	Nigeria.
4. Asia	Bangladesh, Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Viet Nam.	China, Korea, Myanmar, Thailand, Yemen.	
5. Trans. Econ.		Estonia, Latvia, Russia	
6. Small Island Developing States (SIDS)		Belize, Cape Verde, Cuba, Fiji, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Kiribati, Maldives, Mauritius, Papua New Guinea, Sao Tome, Seychelles, Solomon Is., Tonga.	Trinidad and Tobago

MAINSTREAMING FISHERIES INTO NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY REDUCTION STRATEGIES: CURRENT SITUATION AND OPPORTUNITIES  
 Dr Andy Thorpe, University of Portsmouth, FAO Fisheries Circular No. 997 (2005)