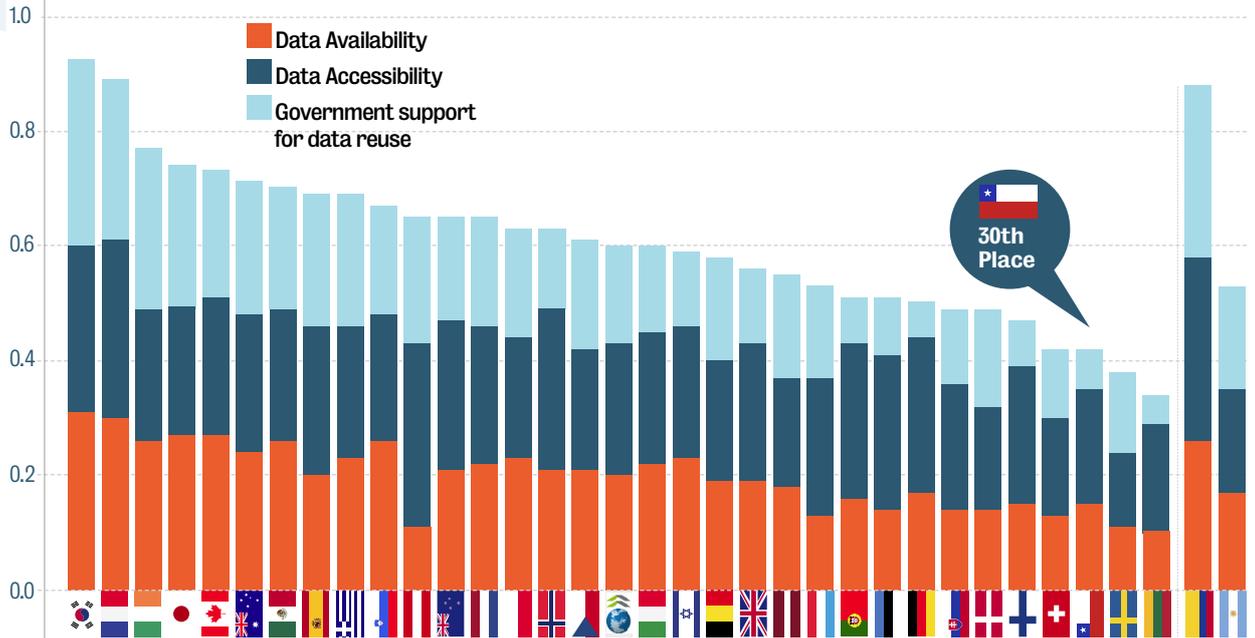




Chile

OECD OURdata Index: 2019



Governance for Open Government Data

Institutional Governance	Policy Framework	Legal and Regulatory instruments
<p>The Digital Government Division within the Ministry General Secretariat of the Presidency is responsible for the Chilean open data policy.</p> <p>The Council for Transparency is an autonomous public law corporation established to ensure compliance with the Law on Access to Public Information.</p>	<p>The 2019 Digital Transformation Strategy sets the vision and milestones for the transformation into a data-driven state. This includes open data being a strategic priority for the government.</p> <p>The 2018-2020 National OGP Action Plan includes a commitment to accelerate open data in Chile.</p>	<p>Since 2019, Law 20.285 on Access to Public Information has regulated the principles of government transparency and access to information in the Chilean public sector.</p> <p>The Personal Data Protection Law 19.628 mandates that all datasets containing personal data be documented at the Civil Registry Office, which is overseen by the Council of Transparency.</p>

Enabling coherent policy implementation

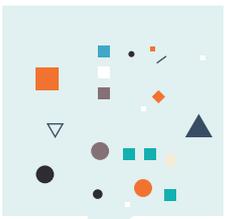
- In 2018, the Digital Government Division trained several public institutions on open data, including the National Institute for Intellectual Property and the Office for Agricultural Studies and Policy.
- The Chilean government provides an online [quick guide](#) for public officials starting to publish open data. An updated version will be ready soon.

Open Government Data Portal

- [Datos.gob.cl](#) is the central open government data portal in Chile.
- The Chilean Digital Government API allows direct access to the data published on the open data portal, using RESTful interface and returning the data in JSON format.

Using data as a platform: ecosystem engagement and collaboration

- [DataChile](#) is a platform that integrates and visualises Chilean public data by different themes. It was created by a private business with support from the central government.
- The [Open Government Roundtable](#) is a space for dialogue between the Chilean government and representatives from civil society organisations and academia to discuss open government initiatives, including open data. It is implemented in the context of the Chilean OGP Action Plan.





Chile

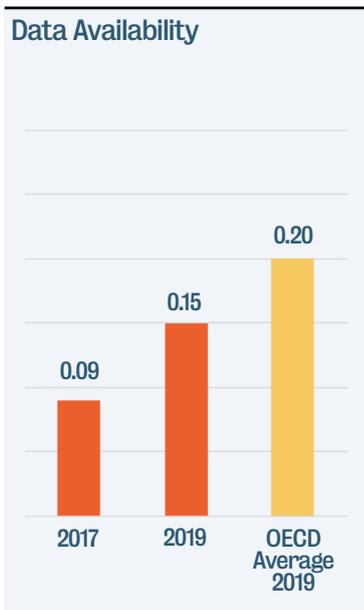
OECD OURdata Index: 2019

Good practice

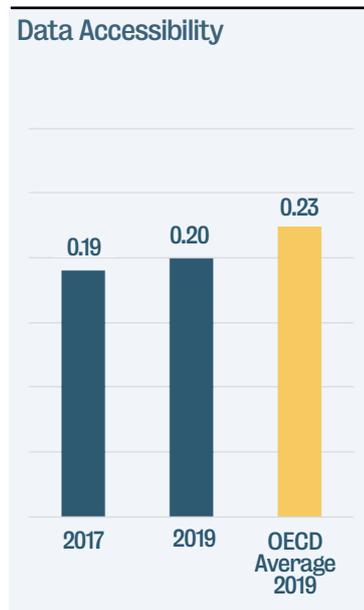
Presupuesto Abierto (Open Budget Platform)

Open Budget (Presupuesto Abierto) is an open data platform that publishes and displays transactional data on the execution of fiscal spending by the Presidency of the Republic, the National Congress, the Judiciary, the Office of the Controller General of the Republic, the Public Ministry, and each of the Ministries and their respective services, in a simple and interactive way. Its objective is to provide citizens, public institutions, civil society, and all stakeholders interested in managing public resources, with easy access to data regarding where and how public sector resources are spent.

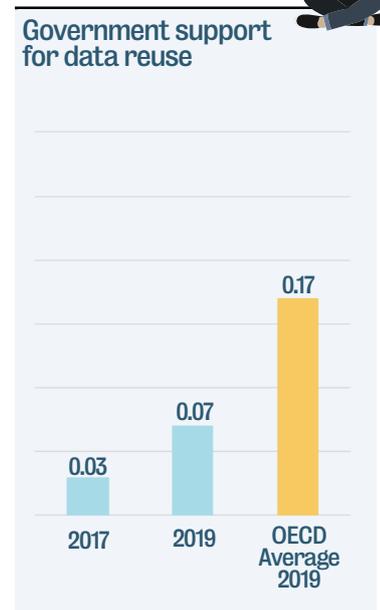
Performance per Index Pillar



To improve Data Availability, Chile should engage more with stakeholders regarding the central open data policy. This would ensure it is demand-driven and sustainable. In addition, to facilitate the discovery and re-use of open government datasets, the government could consider harvesting the different open data on different portals in Chile to one central OGD portal.



Chile has secured a policy for data accessibility. However, the country remains below the OECD average due to the lack of features on the central OGD portal. For example, the ability for users to engage with the government (feedback mechanisms), with each other (forums for discussions), and to contribute to the scope and quality of open data available.



Chile's improvement in Pillar 3 is attributed to the increased efforts to improve data literacy within the government. Still, the support, and engagement of civil society and businesses for their re-use of open government data, remains weak. Monitoring the impact of open data is still not part of the central open data policy. This is also illustrated by the lack of re-use examples on datos.gob.cl.

• 2019 OURdata Index data was collected through the 2018 OECD OGD Survey. Some written information was collected in 2019/2020. Data unavailable for Hungary, Turkey, Iceland and United States.
• The index ranges from 0 to 1 and is composed of three indicators with an equal weight of 0.33. Each indicator ranges from 0 to 0.33.

