Estonian education system and the Ukrainian war refugees

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- 1. Context
- 2. Challenges3. Policy responses

Context and aims

- Population of 1.3 million people, 138,000+ in compulsory education
- 44,200+ refugees, 9,444 of compulsory schooling age (6.8% of student body)
- Local Ukrainian community and their support
- Social inclusion and basic right to education:
 - child protection perspective creating a safe environment for children,
 - getting children involved in education,
 - bringing children to school providing access to all support services

In Estonia **9 444** 7-17 year-old war refugees

Compulsory schooling:



- Active in compulsory levels
- Compulsory level completed
- Not in education

Not in education:

1300
Place of resicence known
Place of resicence unknown

Challenges and miscalculations

- Enrolling children and youth in the local system
- Integrating into the local system vs. supporting their return to Ukraine
- Motivating teenagers to learn in a new language without them intending to stay
- Access to post-compulsory levels
- Involving the Ukrainian educators

Policy responses and success

No ideal solutions in the context of crises

- Child-centred approach
- Flexibility in laws and approaches
- Early distribution of essential information and opportunities
- Strong support from the local community
- Involvement of the Ukrainian educators





As a government you may make plans and set goals, but in the end you need to remain as flexible as possible.





Thank you!

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