### **OECD FUTURE OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS 2030**

Virtual Launch of the Latest Future of Education and Skills 2030 Curriculum Analysis Report

## Embedding Values and Attitudes in Curriculum: Shaping a Better Future

Virtual Launch Event | 15 December 2021 | 16:00-18:00 CET

### Welcome!

We well begin in a couple of minutes.

You may ask questions via the Q&A function on your ZOOM tab.

The moderator will take the most relevant questions live.

Thank you!

#FutureReadyCurricula oecd.org/education/2030-project

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For smooth preparation of your break-out rooms, we ask that you please rename yourself as follows:

- 1. Focus Group Number
- 2. First name and LAST NAME
- 3. Country name

Examples:

FG1\_Suzanne DILLON\_Ireland

FG2\_Hilary DIXON\_Australia

FG3\_ Dilay KALINOGLUE\_Turkey

### Before we launch our new report – a quick reminder: previous curriculum analysis reports



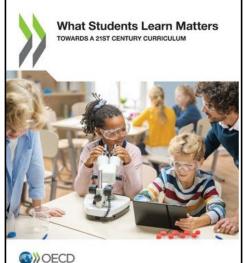




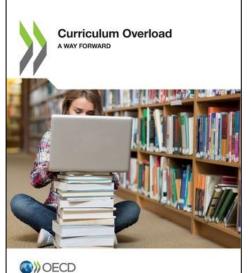
Adapting Curriculum to Bridge

OWARDS AN INCLUSIVE CURRICULUM

Equity Gaps







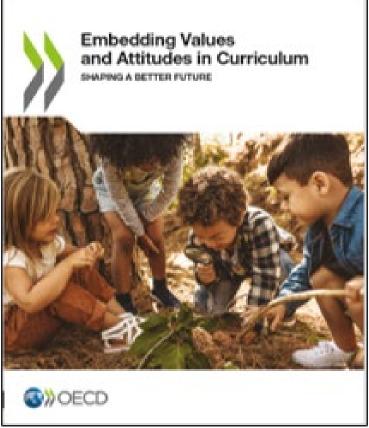








## Setting the Scene for the Launch: what is your experience? Poll – values in curriculum



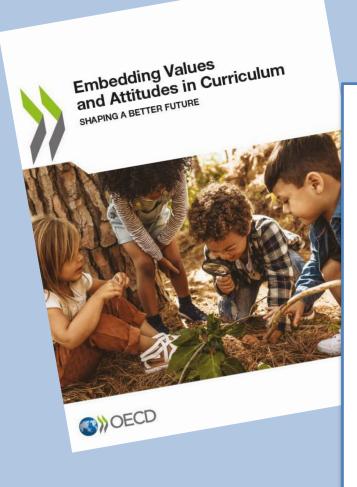
Reminder: there's no right answer. So please freely answer!

- **1. Which values?** Which <u>three</u> values do you think matter most for shaping a better future towards our common good?
- 2. From who? Who is the biggest influence on your personal development of attitudes and values ?
- **3. Where in curriculum?** Within school, in which <u>three</u> subject areas do you think students can best develop attitudes and values?



# Key highlights of the latest E2030 curriculum report Embedding Values and Attitudes in Curriculum: Shaping a Better Future

Andreas Schleicher, Director, Directorate for Education and Skills, OECD



Virtual launch of the E2030 curriculum analysis report:

*Embedding Values and Attitudes in Curriculum: Shaping a Better Future* 

**15 December 2021** 



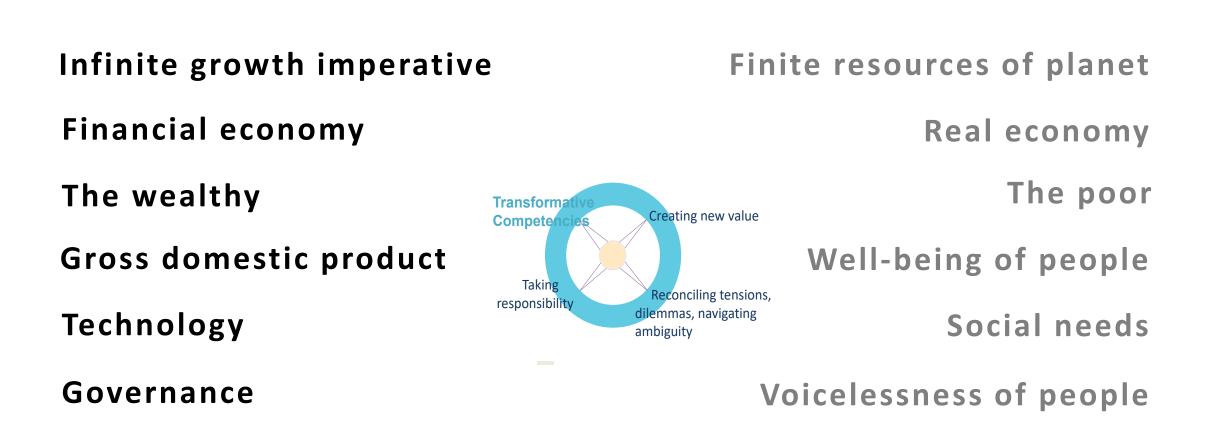


Andreas SCHLEICHER Director Directorate for Education and Skills, OECD



# The role of attitudes and values for shaping a better future





# Transformativ Competencies

**Creating new value** 

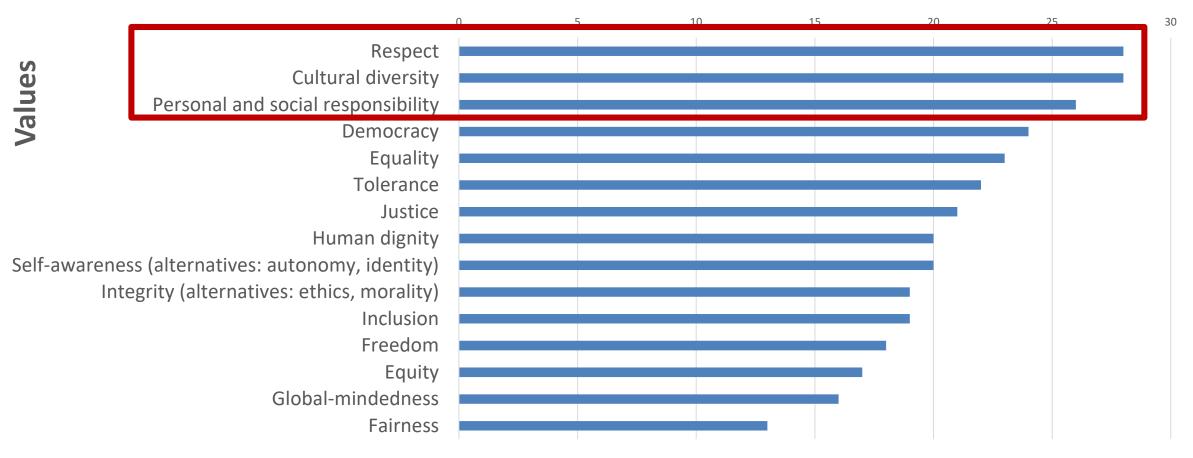
Taking responsibility

Reconciling tensions, dilemmas, navigating ambiguity

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### Common values explicitly embedded in curricula by countries/jurisdictions

(out of 37 countries/jurisdictions participating in the E2030 PQC exercise)



Number of countries/jurisdictions listing identified value as explicitly embedded in their curriculum

Notes: Table is in descending order by number of countries/jurisdictions listing identified value as explicitly embedded in their curriculum. 1. Values listed in table are highlighted in OECD Learning Compass 2030 concept note on attitudes and values for 2030. 2. Responses for these countries/jurisdictions were submitted by independent researchers, not government officials. Source: Data from E2030 PQC, item 1.2.1.1.



# **Embedding attitudes and values into curriculum**



### Four typical strategies to embed values into curriculum

Articulating attitudes & values as part of crosscurricular competencies

e.g. Australia, British Columbia (Canada), Chile, Portugal, Norway, Brazil

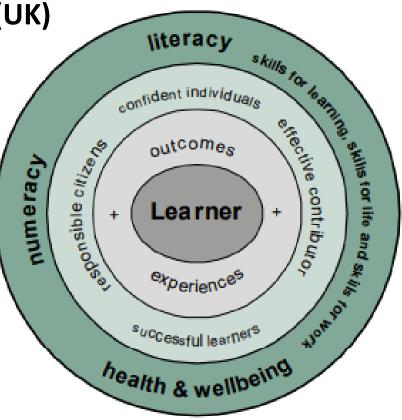


**Example of Scotland (UK)** 

#### Values

Wisdom, justice, compassion, integrity

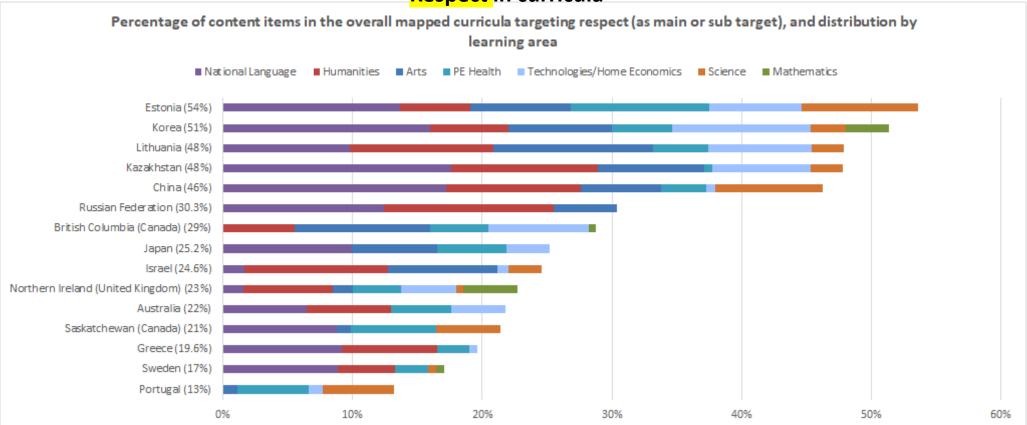
The curriculum must be inclusive, be a stimulus for personal achievement and, through the broadening of experience of the world, be an encouragement towards informed and responsible citizenship.



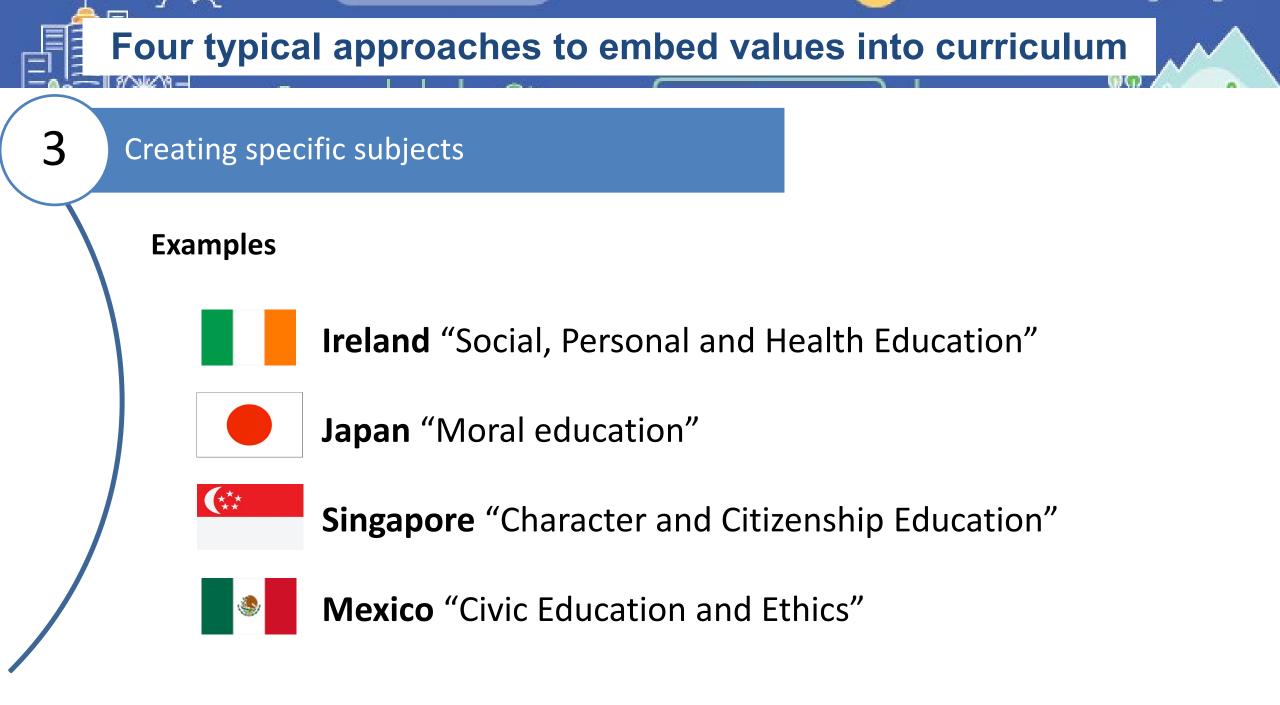
### Four typical approaches to embed values into curriculum

# Embedding attitudes & values into subject specific content

#### Respect in curricula



Notes: The percentage bar next to the country name refers to the total percentage of the mapped curriculum that embeds the competency. Graph bars ordered by decreasing total percentage of mapped items targeting the competency across learning areas. Source: OECD (2020<sub>[42]</sub>), Future of Education and Skills 2030 Curriculum Database, E2030 Curriculum Content Mapping exercise, <u>https://www.oecd.org/education/2030-project/curriculum-analysis/data/Distributions-of-competencies-across-learning-areas</u> <u>subjects-data.xlsx</u>.



### Four typical approaches to embed values into curriculum

# Connecting schools to communities and the social context

### e.g. Service-learning, community service programmes

### Research suggests such activities:

- Improve their self-confidence, self-efficacy and resilience, as well as their awareness and appreciation of diversity in society
- Develop greater ability to avoid risky behaviours
- Help *close the achievement gap* in lower-performing schools
- Help students *discover the intrinsic value of community service* and develop *service-oriented habits and behaviours*.

### **Country example:**

 Hong Kong (China), "Other Learning Experiences (OLE)" is an integral part of the senior secondary curriculum, alongside the core and elective subjects, to nurture students' values and attitudes.

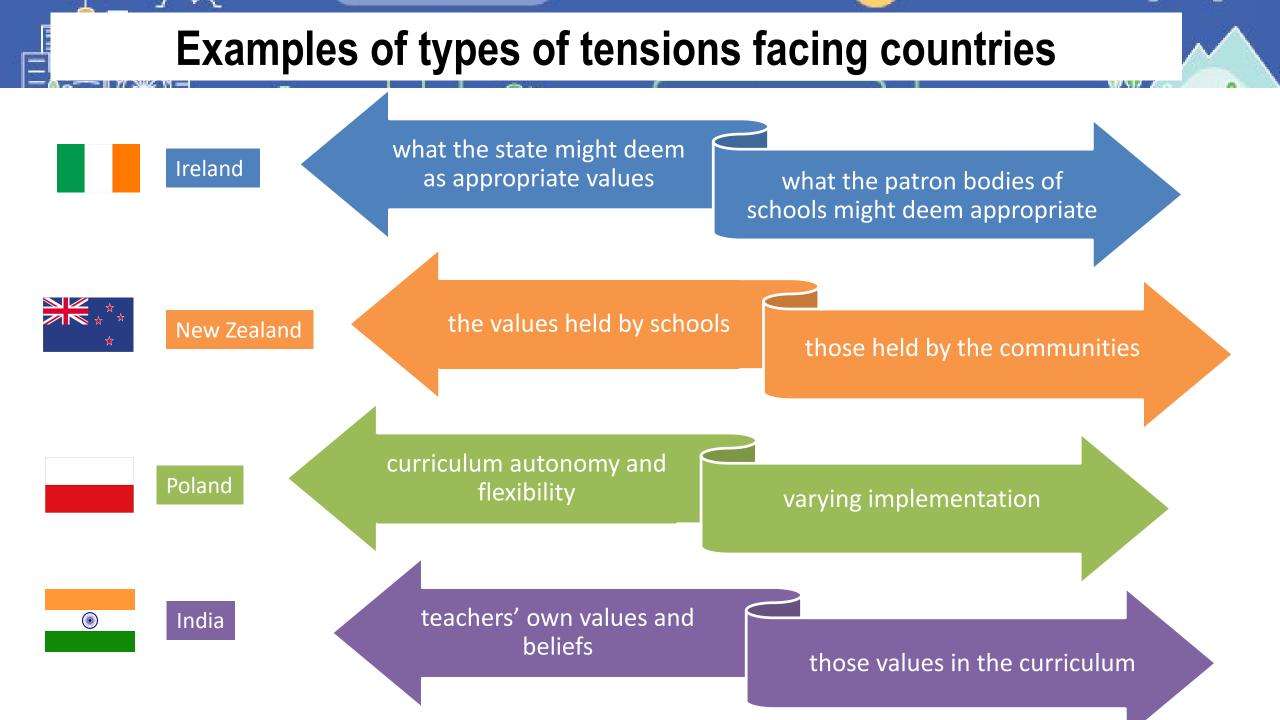


Volunteering in the community, Amala Education



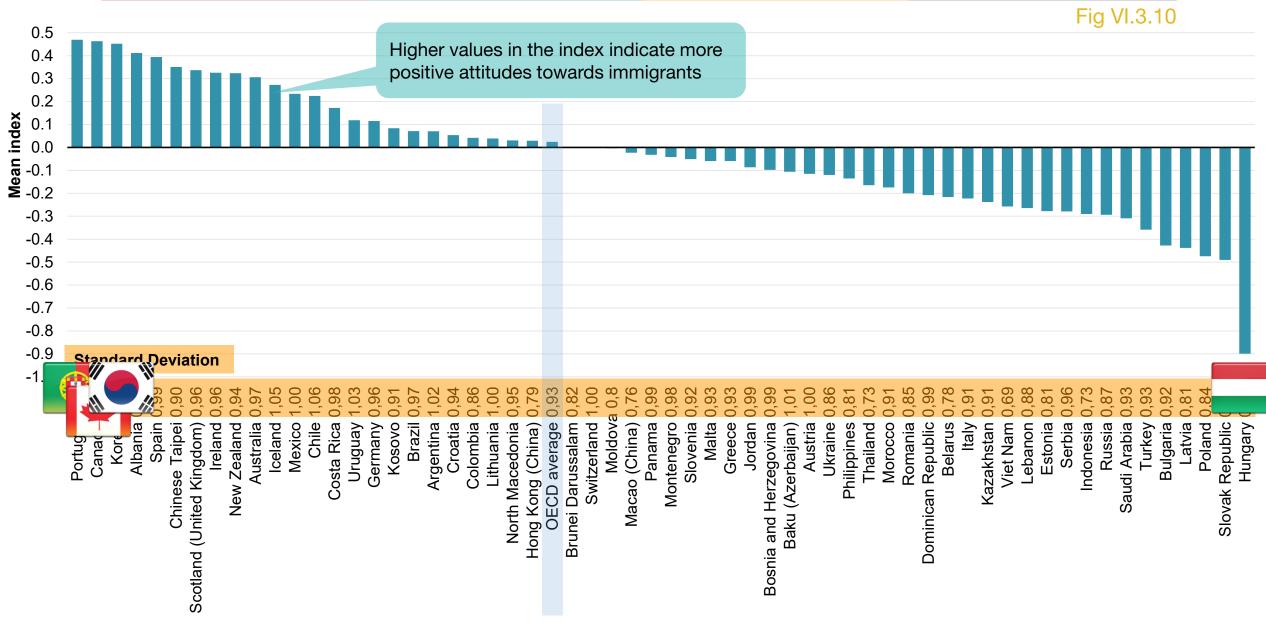
# Challenge in the school environment: Conflicting views, among schools and or among teachers within schools







### Students' attitudes towards immigrants



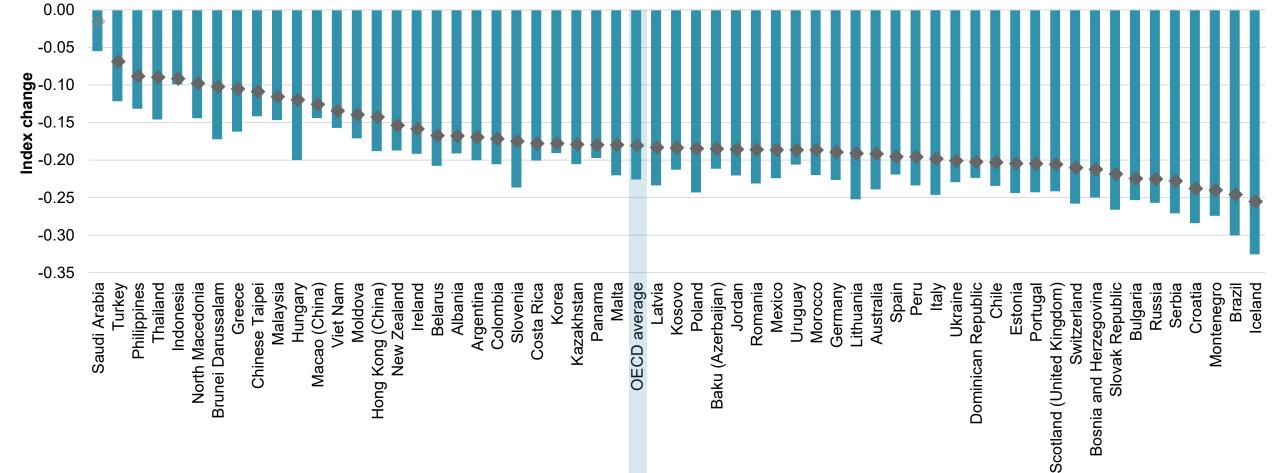


# Perception of discrimination at school relates negatively to students' respect for people from other cultures

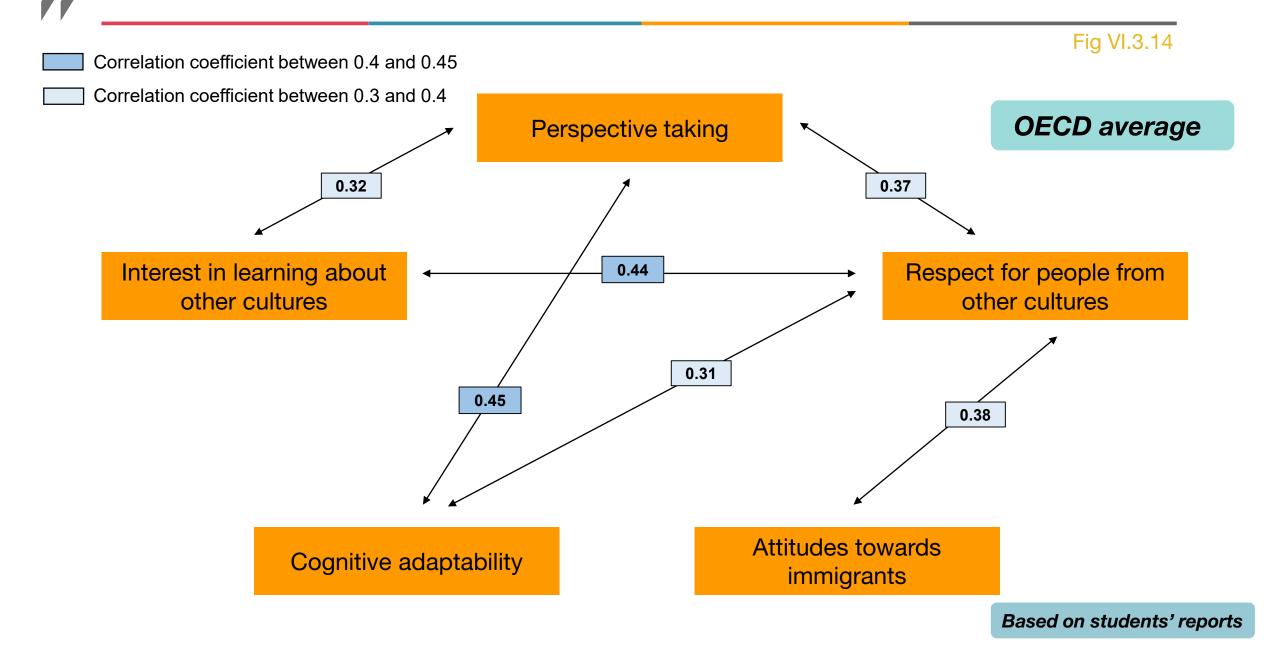
Fig VI.8.10 Change in the index of students' respect for people from other cultures associated with a one-unit increase in the index of discriminatory school climate

Before accounting for gender, immigrant background, and students' and schools' socio-demographic profile

▶ ◆ After accounting for gender, immigrant background, and students' and schools' socio-demographic profile



### **Connections between students' intercultural attitudes and dispositions**



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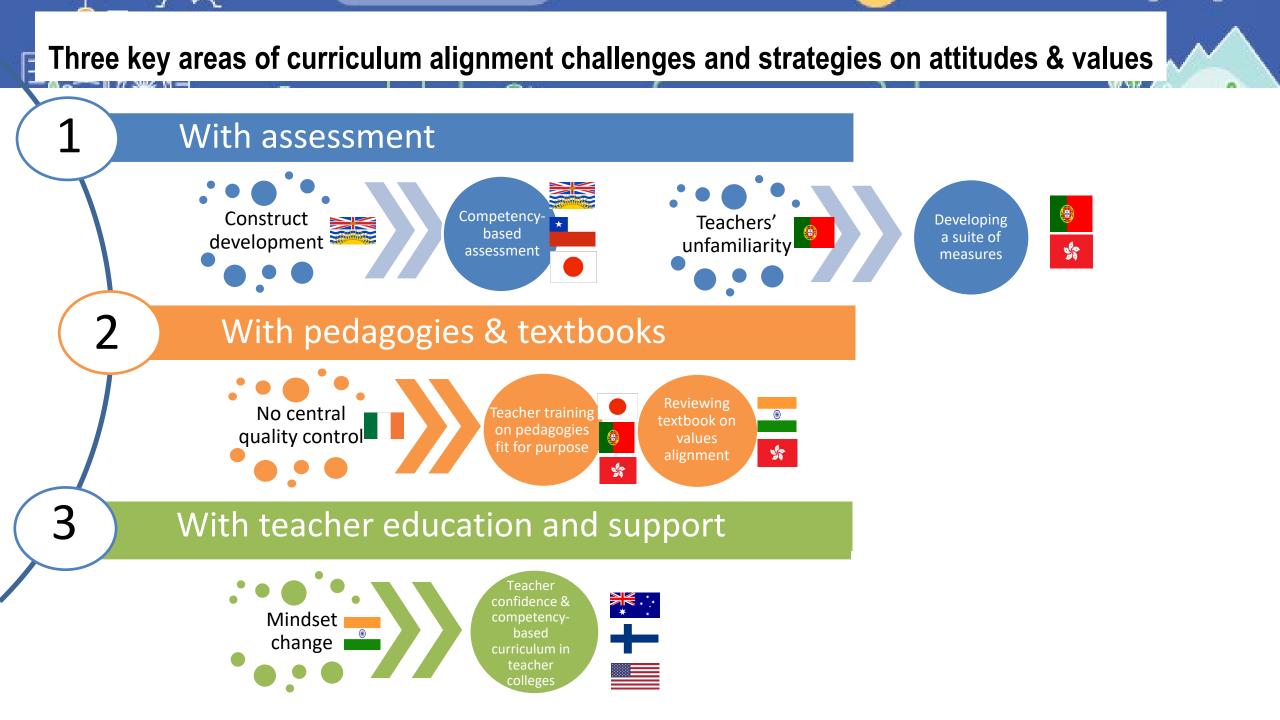
### Lessons learned relevant to the school environment

- Prepare and support schools and teachers to be able to reconcile the tension and dilemmas associated with values and attitudes.
- 2. Reassure teachers by preserving the integrity of subject-area content and appropriately addressing values in their learning contexts.
- 3. Make conscious efforts to reflect student voice.

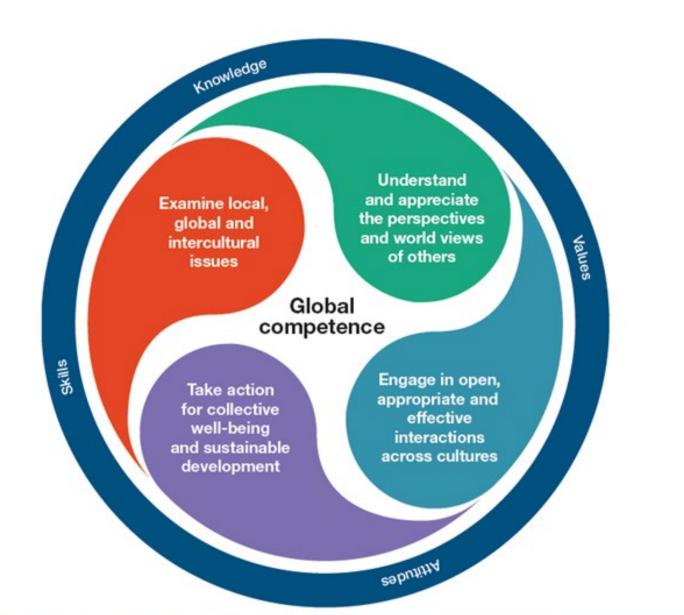


# Alignment with other policies and practices





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### Performance on the global competence test

-10

-15

-20

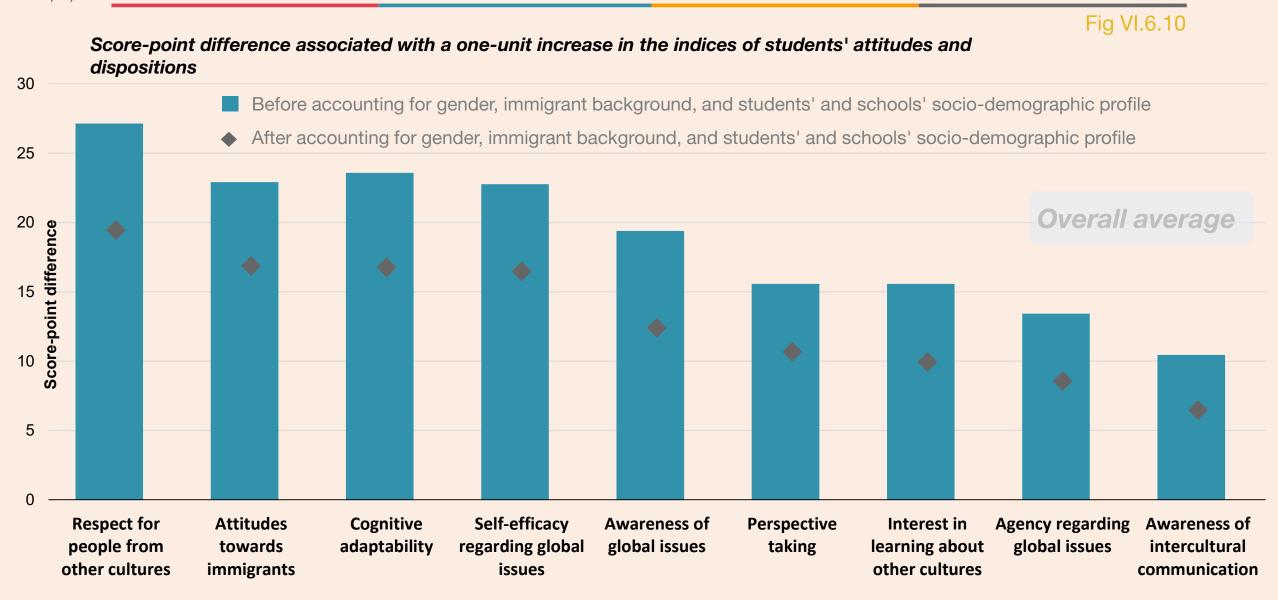
Score-point difference between actual and expected performance in global competence (based on reading, math and science)

Colombia 457 554 Canada Scotland (United Kingdom) 534 Spain 512 Israel 496 Singapore 576 Panama 413 Greece 488 Croatia 506 Costa Rica 456 402 Morocco Malta 479 Slovak Republic 486 Hong Kong (China) 542 Chinese Taipei 527 Overall average 474 Indonesia 408 Serbia 463 Chile 466 Latvia 497 Philippines 371 Thailand 423 Lithuania 489 Albania 427 Brunei Darussalam 429 Kazakhstan 408 480 Russia 509 Korea 25 15 20 10 5 -5 Mean Score-point Score

	600		
	590	PISA Score points	
	580		
	570		Singapore
	560		
	550	4	👾 anada
	540	Hong Kong (China)	
	530	nong Kong (onna)	Scotland (United Kingdom)
			Chinese Taipei
	520		<b>W</b> pain
	510	Koré	
	500	Israel	Latvia
	490	Greece	Lithuania Slovak Republic
	480	Malta	Russia
	470		Chile
	460	Serb Costa Ric	olombia
	450		
	440		
	430		Brunei Darussalam
	420	Albania	Thailand
	410		Panama
	400	Kazakhstan	Indonesia Morocco
	390		
	380		Phillipping and a second
-25	370		Philippines
	360		
	350		



### Students' attitudes and dispositions predict performance in global competence



### Students' and parents' interest in learning about other cultures

Fig VI.3.4

Change in students' interest in learning about other cultures associated with a one-unit increase in the index of parents' interest in learning about other cultures

Before accounting for students' and schools' socio-demographic profile





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# Lessons learned relevant to alignment with other policies and practices than curriculum design itself

- Acknowledge that some values are "caught", "sought" and "aspired to" – not directly "taught".
- Be aware of risks and opportunities in messaging through social media.
- Consider not only validity and reliability, but also authenticity, feasibility, sustainability, costs and scalability when assessing attitudes and values.



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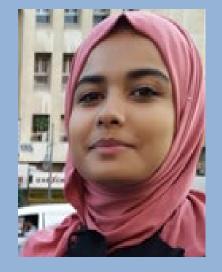






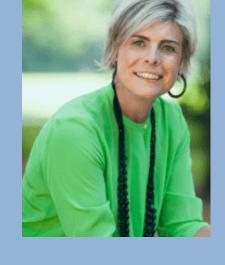


### Launch panel of representatives of the E2030 multi-stakeholder community





**Sarah Alsubayai** Student, Amala Education, Jordan Pierre Winicki President of TrustInside, Founder of *Institut Confiances* think tank Dr. Laura-Ann Currie Head of Inclusion, Health and wellbeing and Equalities, Education Scotland: National Directorate



**HRH Princess** 

Laurentien of the

Netherlands,

**UNESCO Special** 

**Envoy on Literacy** 

for Development

Andreas Schleicher Director, Directorate for Education and Skills OECD

### Your Tree of Trust: Analysis of your 7 trust ingredients

(کی کی	To maintain with care	C A	To dig deeper
(کی ا	To maintain		To dig

	Our suggestions
Right of failure, trial and error	
I accept criticisms	C S
I have the right to make a mistake at school	( Internet in the second se

# Curriculum for Excellence: Excellence and Equity for all



Social Justice values of inclusion, collaboration, cooperation, equal access, and equal opportunity.

## Social Justice embedded across policy areas



Values of inclusion, collaboration, cooperation, equal access, and equal opportunity.



### E2030 World Café: Small group dialogues

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# **Questions for E2030 World Café: Small group dialogues**

1. Which of the key highlights of the report or the panel discussions struck you the most?

2. Through today's participation, have you changed your views on teaching and learning attitudes and values to some extent? If yes, how? Is there anything you might do differently, or might you try something new?



## **Poll results from opening item**

#### 1. Which three values do you think matter most for shaping a better future towards our common good?

(Multiple Choice) \*

108/108 (100%) answered

Respect	(49/108) 45%
Cultural diversity	(26/108) 24%
Personal and social responsibility	(59/108) 55%
Social justice	(22/108) 20%
Equality	(24/108) 22%
Tolerance	(15/108) 14%
Self-awareness (alternatives: autonomy, identity)	(35/108) 32%
Integrity (alternatives: ethics, morality)	(50/108) 46%
Democracy	(19/108) 18%
Inclusion	(26/108) 24%

#### 2. Who is the biggest influence on your personal development of attitudes and values? (Single Choice) \*

Teachers	(21/108) 19%
Parents	(65/108) 60%
Siblings	(1/108) 1%
Friends	(13/108) 12%
Pets	(1/108) 1%
Plants and nature	(3/108) 3%
Social media	(2/108) 2%
Celebrities in the media	(2/108) 2%

#### 108/108 (100%) answered

#### 3. Within school, in which three subject areas do you think students can best develop attitudes and

values?	(Multiple	Choice)	*
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108/108 (100%) answered

National language	(44/108) 41%
Humanities	(97/108) 90%
Arts	(49/108) 45%
Physical Education/Health	(39/108) 36%
Technologies/Home Economics	(18/108) 17%
Science	(41/108) 38%
Mathematics	(11/108) 10%



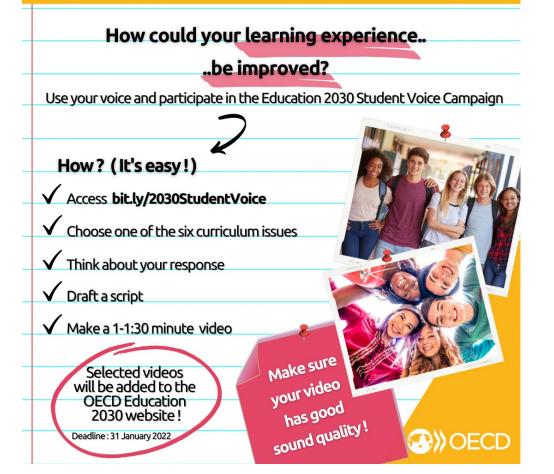
### **Closing remarks and next steps**

# **QECD FUTURE OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS 2030**

## **Your Voice Matters!**

#### www.oecd.org/education/2030-project

#### SECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS WANTED!



• During the launch event, please use the following hashtag on social media for posts specific to the launch of the report:

### #FutureReadyCurricula

 Please encourage students around you to join our E2030 Student Voice Campaign! We are collecting videos of students talking about curriculum issues at <u>bit.ly/2030StudentVoice</u>. The deadline for submissions has been extended to 31 January 2021.