

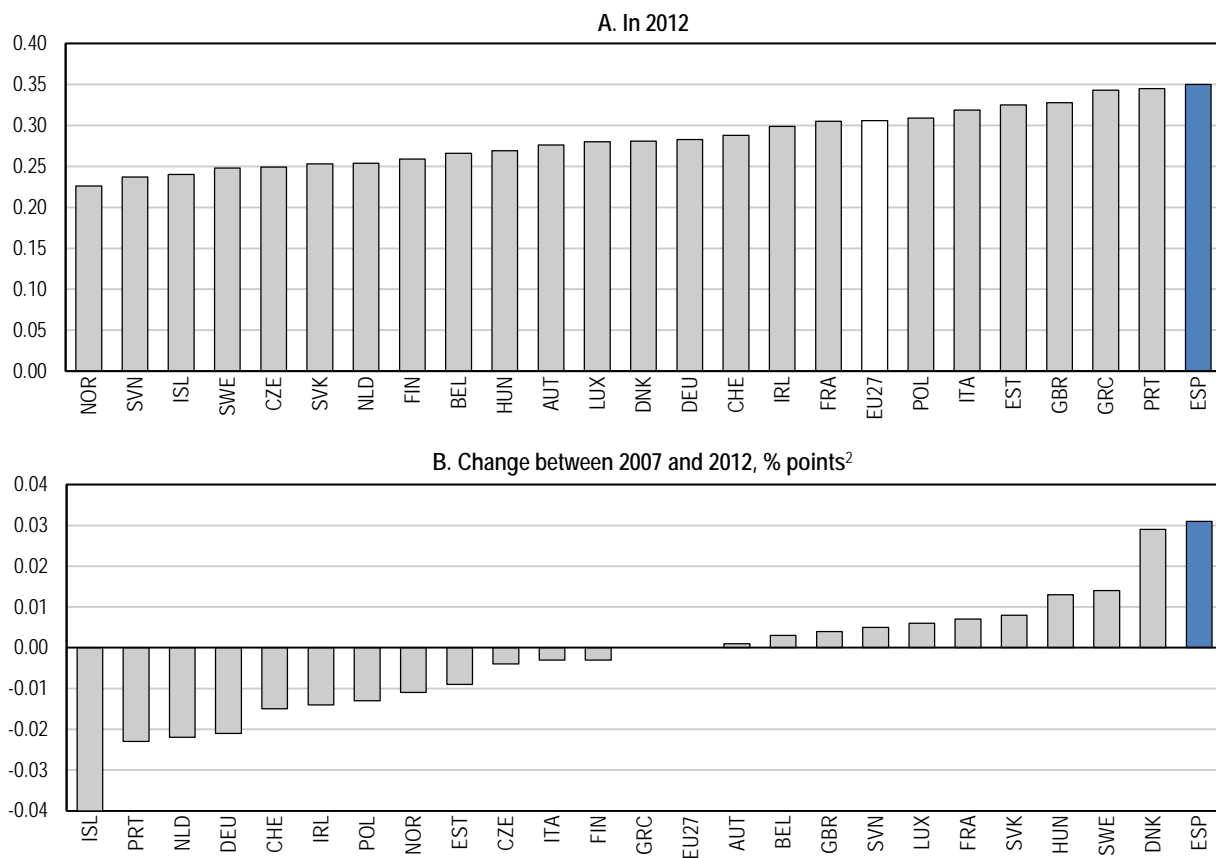
## Corrigendum

### Page 27:

#### Figure 11. Inequality: Gini coefficient of household disposable income

The data has been revised for Austria, France and the United Kindom to take account of breaks in series and the country order in Panel B is modified. A new footnote 2 has been added.

**Figure 11. Inequality: Gini coefficient of household disposable income<sup>1</sup>**



1. The Gini coefficient has a range from zero (when everybody has identical incomes) to one (when all income goes to only one person). Increasing values of the Gini coefficient thus indicate higher inequality in the distribution of income. Disposable income is obtained by subtracting income tax and employees' social security contributions from gross income and is adjusted to reflect differences in household needs depending on the number of persons in the household.
2. 2008-12 for France, 2007-11 for Austria and United Kingdom.

Source: Eurostat (2014), "Income Distribution and Monetary Poverty", *Eurostat Database*, July.