OECD Environmental Outlook to 2050

The Consequences of Inaction

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The following list provides a description of the changes made to the publication since the original version was printed.

Corrigenda

Page 19:

The opening sentence, "Over the last four decades", should read "Over the past decades".

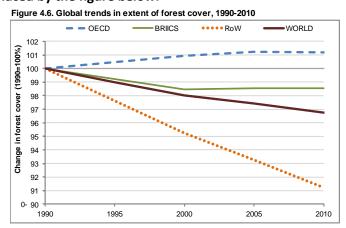
Page 22:

The first sentence of the first bullet should read "More disruptive climate change is likely to be locked in, with global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions projected to increase by **more than** 50%, primarily due to a 70% growth in CO2 emissions from energy use (Figure 0.1).

P. 72:

The second sentence of the first stoplight should read "The Environmental Outlook Baseline scenario envisages that without more ambitious policies than those in force today, GHG emissions will increase by **more than** 50% by 2050, primarily driven by a projected 70% growth in CO2 emissions from energy use."

P. 164: Figure 4.6 has been replaced by the figure below.



Note: BRIICS= Brazil, Russia, India, Indonesia, China, South Africa; RoW= Rest of the World Sources: FAO (2010b), The Global Forests Resource Assessment: 2010, FAO, Rome; data from Global Tables: www.fao.org/forestry/fra/fra2010/en

Additional revision, P. 116:

The first mention of "Contraction and Convergence" in the first full paragraph of this page should include a footnote with the following text:

"Contraction and Convergence™ (C&C) is the science-based, global climate policy framework proposed to the UN since 1990 by the Global Commons Institute (GCI). http://www.gci.org.uk/briefings/ICE.pdf."