

Slovak Republic

Figure 69. Proportion of CO₂ emissions from energy use subject to different levels of effective carbon rates in the Slovak Republic in 2015

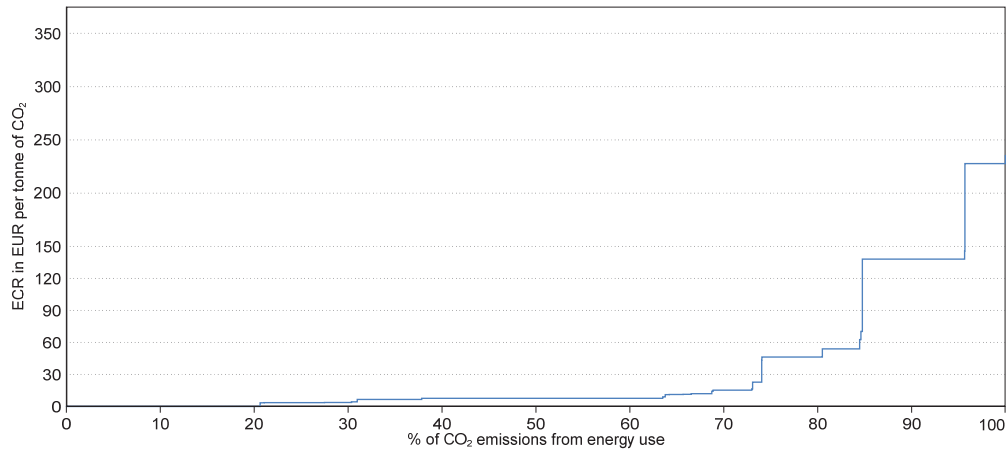
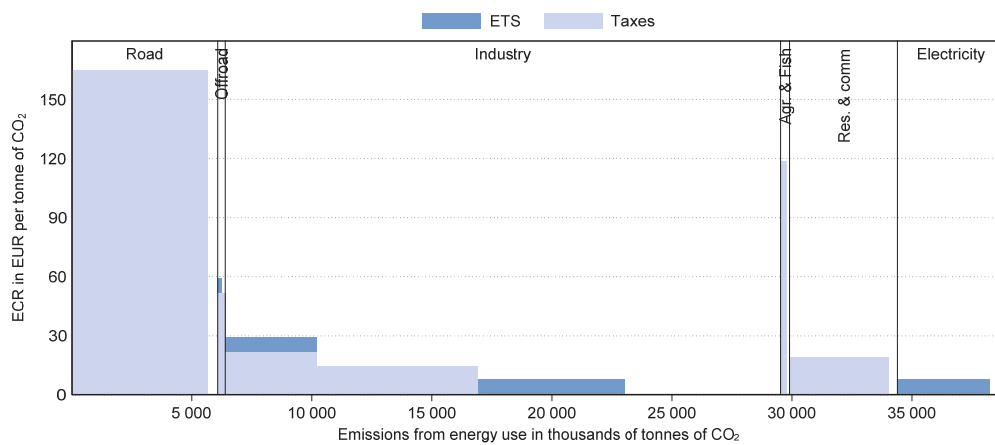


Figure 70. Average effective carbon rates in the Slovak Republic by sector and component in 2015



In 2015, effective carbon rates in the Slovak Republic consisted primarily of specific taxes on energy use and to a small extent of permit prices from the EU ETS. The Slovak Republic did not have an explicit carbon tax. The Slovak Republic priced 79% of carbon emissions from energy use, and 26% were priced above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂ (see Figure 69). The majority of emissions from energy use that were priced at this level were emitted by the road transport sector (see Figure 70). Taxes and carbon prices from tradable permits covered a large part of the emissions base in the industry sector, with some overlap of the two instruments. The effective carbon rate on emissions from energy use in the electricity sector was entirely composed of prices from tradable permits. Unpriced emissions were primarily in the industry sector.

For additional information to interpret the graphs, see: <https://oe.cd/ECR-graph-info>
Main insights from the *Effective Carbon Rates* database: <http://oe.cd/ECR2018>