COMPARING THE INDONESIAN BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY AND HARMONIZED BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

By

Hamonangan Ritonga- BPS Statistics Indonesia

PAPER PRESENTED AT THE JOINT EU-OECD WORKSHOP ON INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF BUSINESS AND CONSUMER TENDENCY SURVEYS BRUSSELS, 20-21 NOVEMBER 2003

COMPARING THE INDONESIAN BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY AND HARMONIZED BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

Hamonangan Ritonga¹

I. Introduction

Business Tendency Survey is an important tool for collecting statistical information on business situation. This information is important for government and private sectors for making assessment of economic situation as well as short-term economic forecast in Indonesia. With this survey, one economic indicator (Business Tendency Index has been provided quarterly.

Currently, there are three institutions in Indonesia (Bank of Indonesia, Bank of Indonesia, and Danareksa Research Institute) conduct business survey. Bank of Indonesia is an independent state institution conducting business survey. Bank of Indonesia has been conducting this survey since 1993. This survey is conducted quarterly in 25 provinces. The quaterly sample size consist of 1500 companies selected randomly. The goal of this survey is to colect prompt information on the trend of business activities: for current quarter and next quarter. This information is used for the formulation and implementation of monetary policy, one of three main tasks of Bank of Indonesia.

BPS-Statistics Indonesia, another independent state institution, has been conducting business tendency survey since 1996. This survey is conducted to provide prompt economic indicators for assesing the current economic situation and short-term economic forecast. Originally this survey was only conducted in Jakarta greater areas which include four cities called Jabotabek (Jakarta, Bogor, Tangerang, and Bekasi) with sample size of 400 medium and large companies selected randomly. The sample size included 150 manufacturing companies, 50 trading companies, 50 restaurants, 50 construction companies, and 50 other companies. Starting from the second quarter of 2001, after collaborating with Bank of Indonesia, Business Tendency Surveys has been expanded to other 48 cities, called Outside Jabotabek, covered the whole provinces in Indonesia. The sample size increase to 2000 companies including nine economic sectors: Agriculture; Mining and Quarrying; Manufacturing; Construction; Trade, Hotel & Restaurant; Transportation; Communication; Finance; and Services.

Danareksa Research Institute is a private research organization in Indonesia. This organization was established in 1999 with the main goal to provide consultancy for business enterprises. Since 1999, Danareksa Research Institute has also been conducting business tendency survey. The data are collected from several big cities with sample size around 200 big companies.

¹ Head of Division for Economic and Social Statistics Analysis, BPS-Statistics Indonesia

Although these three institutions provide similar indicator, they are different in certain aspects, such as area covered, type of variables used and sampling design. Therefore, Bank of Indonesia and BPS-Satistics Indonesia have joined the Harmonized Business Tendency Survey (BTS) in developing countries initiated by ADB, ESCAP and OECD. To prepare the implementation of Harmonizing Business Tendency Surveys in Indonesia, BPS-Statistics Indonesia in collaboration with Bank of Indonesia has conducted a Pilot BTS under the RETA 5938 in the second quarter of 2001 (April-June 2001), using a harmonized set of core questions used in most OECD countries.

As a continuation of this pilot, Bank of Indonesia and BPS-Statistics Indonesia have conducted the harmonization of BTS in Indonesia since the first quarter of 2002. This paper will try to report the implementation progress of harmonized questionnaires in the year 2002 and to present its results. Specifically, this paper will compare the results of BTS conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia and the Harmonized BTS in Indonesia.

II. Implementation of Harmonized questionnaire to the existing survey

Implementing new lists of questions proposed by harmonization program brought both of the Business Survey conducted by Bank of Indonesia (BIBS) and the Business Tendency Survey conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia (BPS-BTS) into questionnaire changes. In line with the program proposed, there is also such effort by Bank Indonesia and BPS-Statistics Indonesia to redesign their questionnaires and then merge them into single and simpler questionnaire. As a result, on each BIBS and BPS-BTS questionnaire contains similar questions that part of them are originally belong to BIBS and BPS-BTS, and another as new addition as harmonization program proposed. Due to that change, there is significant reduction on BIBS number of questions on all sector questionnaires considering of similar substances. The BIBS questions that have been erased are the questions (variable) that similar to harmonized questions or because they have the same answers pattern with the other question The the combined-questionnaire consists of four kinds of questionnaires namely Industry Questionnaire (mining & quarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas and water), Trade Questionnaire; Construction Questionnaire, and Others' Questionnaire (Hotel& Restaurant; Transportation & Communication; Finance and Business Services, and Personal Services). See the combined questionaires in **Appendix 1**.

III. The Results of Harmonized-Business Tendensi Index , BPS-Busines Tendensi Index , and the Growth of Gross Domestic Product.

The results of Harmonized-Business Tendency Index (HBTI), BPS-Business Tendency Index (BTI), and the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth from Quarter I-2002 to Quarter II- 2003 can bee seen in the following figures. For calculation of HBTI and BTI, the formula in **Appendix 2** is used. For comparison with HBTI results, the BTI results are substracted with 100. The comparison of results by sectors are as follows:

(a) Industry Sector

Based on Figure 1, the result of survey showed that the index HBTI has similar pattern with BTI. The two indexes also have similar pattern with GDP growth except in QII-2002 and QI-2003 where GDP growths are in different direction.

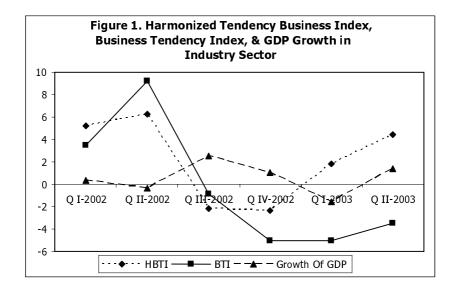


Table 1. Business Survey Indexes in Industry Sector

Period	Harmonized Index	Business Tendency Index	GDP Growth
Q I-2002	5.23	3.5	0.31
Q II-2002	6.24	9.2	-0.36
Q III-2002	-2.19	-0.89	2.55
Q IV-2002	-2.39	-5.07	1.04
Q I-2003	1.79	-5.02	-1.53
Q II-2003	4.43	-3.46	1.35

(b) Construction Sector

Based on Figure 2, the pattern of HBTI, BTI, and GDP growth looks similar, except in QIII-2002 and QIV-2002 where GDP growths are in different direction. This results also similar with Industry Sector.

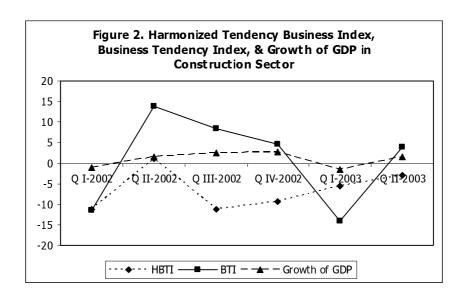


Table Business Survey Indexes in Contraction Sector

Period	Harmonized Index	Business Tendency Index	Growth Of GDP
Q I-2002	-11.16	-11.54	-1.03
Q II-2002	1.12	13.89	1.49
Q III-2002	-11.19	8.33	2.60
Q IV-2002	-9.45	4.73	2.76
Q I-2003	-5.5	-14.09	-1.62
Q II-2003	-2.94	3.9	1.43
-			

(c) Trade Sector

Based on Figure 3. The survey results showed that HBT, BTI, and GDP growth are looks similar, except in QI-2002 for HBTI, in QIV-2002 for GDP growth, and in QI-2003 for BTI.

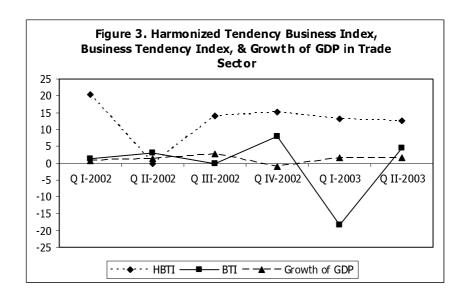


Table Business Survey Indexes in Trade Sector

Period	Harmonized Index	Business Tendency Index	Growth Of GDP	
Q I-2002	20.48	1.33	0.77	
Q II-2002	-0.2	3.14	1.22	
Q III-2002	14.11	-0.01	2.71	
Q IV-2002	15.09	7.81	-1.02	
Q I-2003	13.07	-18.44	1.61	
Q II-2003	12.62	4.51	1.54	

d. Other Sector

Based on Figure 4, the survey result described that the pattern of HBTI with BTI and GDP growth looks similar, except in QII-2002 and QI-2003.

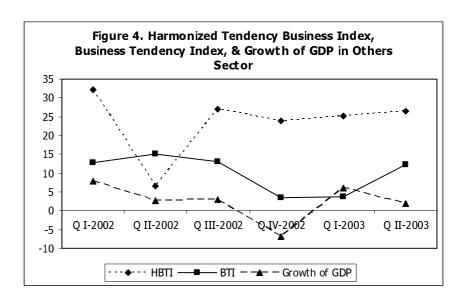


Table Business Survey Indexes in Others Sector

Period	Harmonized Index	Tendency	
Q I-2002	32.18	12.77	7.85
Q II-2002	6.43	14.98	2.73
Q III-2002	27.05	12.93	2.95
Q IV-2002	23.98	3.37	-6.85
Q I-2003	25.22	3.61	6.05
Q II-2003	26.56	12.26	1.82

IV. FUTURE PLAN

1. Based on the comparisons of HBTI, BTI, and GDP growth, the pattern of these three indicators looks similar in general.

2. For future plan:

- Bank of Indonesia and BPS-Statistics Indonesia will continue to implement the harmonization program as had been done in 2002 and 2003. The program specifically is continuing the merging of the harmonized questionnaire with BIBS and BTS-BPS questionnaire and then the result of survey will be processed with each method (BI, Harmonize, and BTS-BPS method).
- To increase the validity of the survey, BI and BPS-Statistics Indonesia will update the sample design.
- When the series of harmonized index has been long enough, there will be such study to evaluate whether there is similar pattern between harmonized index and the existing BIBS.

Appendix 1



Confidential

Attention:

- 1. The objectives of this survey are to get general information about companies based on employer perception at the relevant sectors.
- 2. The results of this survey will be used to calculate business confidence and composite indicators that can be used by the government and enterprises
- 3. The duty in giving information and the secret of the data will be guaranted by Statistic Act number 16 1997
- 4. This Survey does not have any relations with tax, and free of charge.

BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

Manufacturing, Electricity, Gas and Water 3 rd Quarter – 2003 (July – September 2003)

Respondent 200

DIRECTORATE FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSIS STATISTICS INDONESIA

6th Building, 4th Floor, Jl. DR Sutomo no 6-8 – Jakarta 10010 Telphone 3841195, 3810291 ext 4411, 3841424

Faximile: 3841424, 3841545, 3857046 Email: dretno@mailhost.bps.go.id

	Lindii . <u>dretno@maiiios</u>	ps.g	<u>5114</u>			()
	I. IDENTIFICATION								
1.	Company	i !							
2.	Address (completely)								
3.	Status of Business (give check ($$) at the selected box)	:	Foreign		Domestic		(Others	
4.	Name	:							
5.	Official Position	•							
6.	Telephone	•							
7.	Faximile	1							
8.	Email	:							
9.	Main economic activity	:							
	(write completely)								
10.	Number of permanent employees	:							
	< 20 -1 20 - 99 -2		100 – 299	-3	300 – 499	-4	> 500	-5	
11.	Number of temporary employees :								
	< 20 -1 20 - 99 -2		100 – 299	-3	300 – 499	-4	> 500	-5	

2. a. Share of production to be exported:			
None -1 Av	vailable -2		
b. The percentage of production to be ϵ	exported :		
percent			
11. CO		PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY	
. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what		oduction omnany's experience during these three	Increase -1
months (July-September 2003) compare the volume of production:			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3
2. If the volume of production <i>increase/dec</i>	rease, describe the	e main causes :	
Excluding normal seasonal changes, what (October-December 2003) compare to the the volume of production :			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3
If the volume of production <i>increase/deci</i>	rease, describe the	e main causes :	
What is your current level of capacity util	ization (in percent	of normal capacity utilization :	
Excluding normal seasonal changes, wha months (July-September 2003) compare production capacity utilization :	t has been your o to the last three	company's experience during these three months (April-June 2003) with regard to	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3
What factors are limiting your ability to in	crease production	. Please tick the most important factor or	factors :
None	-1	Shortage of semi-finished goods	-8
Insufficient domestic demand	-2	Shortage of raw materials	-9
Insufficient domestic demand	-3	Shortage of energy	-10
Competitive imports	-4	Financial problems	-11
Shortage of labor	-5	(e.g. : insolvency, credits)	
Shortage of skilled labor	-6	Unclear economic laws	-12
Lack of appropriate equipment	-7 L	Uncertainty of economic environme	
		Others () -14 └─

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY				
	Pr	oduction		
	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of production :			
2. If the volume of production <i>increase/decrea</i> se	se, describe th	e main causes :		
Excluding normal seasonal changes, what ch (October-December 2003) compare to these the volume of production :			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3	
4. If the volume of production <i>increase/decreas</i>	e, describe the	e main causes :		
What is your current level of capacity utilizati management	ion (in percent	of normal capacity utilization :		
6. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what ha months (July-September 2003) compare to production capacity utilization :	company's experience during these three months (April-June 2003) with regard to	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3		
7. What factors are limiting your ability to incre	ase production	. Please tick the most important factor or f	actors :	
None	-1	Shortage of semi-finished goods	-8	
Insufficient domestic demand	-2	Shortage of raw materials	-9	
Insufficient domestic demand	-3	Shortage of energy	-10	
Competitive imports	-4	Financial problems	-11	
Shortage of labor	-5	(e.g. : insolvency, credits)		
Shortage of skilled labor	-6	Unclear economic laws	-12	
Lack of appropriate equipment	-7 L	Uncertainty of economic environmen	nt -13	
		Others () -14	
Excluding normal seasonal changes, what he months (July-September 2003) compare to the income/omset			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3	
9. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what he months (July-September 2003) compare to the average working hour:		Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3		
10. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the number of employee:			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3	
11. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compare to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the number of employee:			Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3	
	Total Orde	er Book & Stocks		
12. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do y demand/total order book in volume terms is		that the present level of your level of	Above normal -1 Normal -2 Below normal -3	

13. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do you consider that the present level of your level of demand/total order book from abroad in volume terms is :	Above normal Normal Below normal	-1 -2 -3
14. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the domestic total order book:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3
15. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the total order book from abroad :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY						
16. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the total order book of input materials :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
17. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do you consider that the present level of your stocks of finished goods in volume terms is :	Above normal Normal Below normal	-1 -2 -3				
Selling Price						
18. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compare to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
19. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :						
20. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compare to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
21. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :						
Financial & Access to Credit						
21. Do you consider that the present financial situation of your company is :	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3				
22. Do you consider that the present situation concerning access to credit for your company is :	Easy Normal Tight	-1 -2 -3				
23. Factors are making the problem for getting credit :						
Condition of credit are too complicated 3. Bank policy						
2. High interest rate 4. Other ()					
Business Situation	Business Situation					
25. Do you consider that the present business situation of your company is	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3				
26. Do you expect that the business situation of your company during the the next six months will be :	Better Same Worse	-1 -2 -3				
THANK YOU FOR THE TIME AND COOPERATION Please return before 25th October 2003						





Attention:

- 1. The objectives of this survey are to get general information about companies based on employer perception at the relevant sectors.
- 2. The results of this survey will be used to calculate business confidence and composite indicators that can be used by the government and enterprises
- 3. The duty in giving information and the secret of the data will be guaranted by Statistic Act number 16 1997
- 4. This Survey does not have any relations with tax, and free of charge.

BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

Construction 3 rd Quarter – 2003 (July - September 2003)

DIRECTORATE FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
STATISTICS INDONESIA

6th Building, 4th Floor, Jl. DR Sutomo no 6-8 – Jakarta 10010 Telphone 3841195, 3810291 ext 4411, 3841424

Faximile: 3841424, 3841545, 3857046 Email: dretno@mailhost.bps.go.id

	I. IDENTIFICATION						
1.	Company :						
2.	Address (completely) :						
3.	Classified Investment company : Foreign Domestic Others Please tick (√)) Investment Investment Investment						
4.	Name :						
5.	Official Position :						
6.	Felephone :						
7.	Faximile :						
8.	Email :						
9.	Main economic activity : (write completely)						
13.	Number of permanent employees :						
	< 20 -1 20 -99 -2 100 -299 -3 300 -499 -4 >500 -5						
14.	Number of temporary employees :						
	< 20 -1 20 -99 -2 100 -299 -3 300 -499 -4 > 500 -5						
15.	a. Share of production to be exported :						
	None -1 Available -2						
	o. The percentage of production to be exported :						
	percent						

	II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF COMPANY				
	Production				
1.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the value of contract/income :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
2.	If the value of contract/income of the company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes?				
3.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the value of contract/income :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
4.	If the values of contract/income of the company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes?				
5	Do you consider that the present technical capacity (amount and quality equipment) of your	More than sufficient -1			
	company with regard to expected demand in the next 12 months is :	Sufficient -2 Not sufficient -3			
6.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to technical capacity utilization :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
	Business Activity				
7.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to volume of business activity :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
8.	Factors are limiting the ability of the company to increase business activity. Please tick the most impo	rtant factor or factors.			
	None -1 Access to bank credit	-7			
	Demand -2 Shortage of skilled labor	-8			
	Weather conditions -3 Lack of equipment	-9			
	Cost of materials -4 Shortage of materials	-10			
	Cost of labor -5 Competition in own sector	-11			
	Cost of finance -6 Others ()			
9.	With normal working hours, what is the <u>current operating time</u> secured, with regard to work in hand and work already contracted, in number of months:				
10	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to average of working hours :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
	Employee				
11	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to number of total employees:	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
12	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the number of total employees :	Increase -1 Remain stable -2 Decrease -3			
13	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do you consider that the present level of your total order book or production schedules in volume terms is :	Above normal -1 Normal -2 Below normal -3			
14	Excluding normal seasonal changes, What has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of contract/total order book/production schedules:	Increase -1 Remain stable -2			

II. CONDITION AND P	ROSPECT OF COMPANY		
15. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you (October-December 2003) compared to these three months the volume of contract/total order book/production schedules	(July-September 2003) with regard to	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3
16. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your comonths (July-September 2003) compared to the last three rethe total order of input material:		Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3
Sellin	g Price		
17. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your commonths (July-September 2003) compared to the last three raverage selling price :		Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3
18. If the selling average price <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the m	ain causes :		
19. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you (October-December 2003) compared to these three months the average selling price :		Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3
20. If the selling average price increase/decrease, describe the m	ain causes :		
Financial and A	Access to Credit		
21. Do you consider that the present financial situation of your o	ompany is :	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3
22. Do you consider that the present situation concerning access	to credit for your company is :	Easy Normal Tight	-1 -2 -3
23. Factors are making the problem for getting credit :			
4. Condition of credit are too complicated	6. Bank policy		
5. High interest rate	4. Other ()	
	IME AND COOPERATION e 25th October 2003		
	2003		
	Respondent		
	()		



Attention:

- 1. The objectives of this survey are to get general information about companies based on employer perception at the relevant sectors.
- 2. The results of this survey will be used to calculate business confidence and composite indicators that can be used by the government and enterprises
- 3. The duty in giving information and the secret of the data will be guaranted by Statistic Act number 16 1997
- 4. This Survey does not have any relations with tax, and free of charge.

BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

Trade (Retail & Wholesale)

3 rd Quarter - 2003 (July - September 2003)

DIRECTORATE FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
STATISTICS INDONESIA

6th Building, 4th Floor, Jl. DR Sutomo no 6-8 – Jakarta 10010 Telphone 3841195, 3810291 ext 4411, 3841424

Faximile: 3841424, 3841545, 3857046 Email: dretno@mailhost.bps.go.id

Email : drethog maillost. 5ps. go. id									
I. IDENTIFICATION									
1.	Company	:							
2.	Address (completely)	:							
3.	Classified Investment company (Please tick $()$)	:	Foreign Investment		Domestic Investment		Others Investment		
4.	Name	:							
5.	Official Position	:							
6.	Telephone	:							
7.	Faximile								
8.	Email								
9. Main economic activity :									
10	(write completely)	;							
10. Number of permanent employees :									
	< 20 -1 20 - 99	-2	100 – 299	-3	300 – 499	-4	> 500 -5		
11. Number of temporary employees :									
	< 20 -1 20 - 99	-2	100 – 299	-3	300 – 499	-4	> 500 -5		
12.a. Share of production to be exported :									
None -1 Available -2									
b. The percentage of production to be exported :									
	percent								

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY								
Income/Omset								
1.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to sells/income/omset:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
2.	If sells/income/omset increase/decrease, describe the main causes :							
3.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to sells/income/omset:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
4.	If sells/income/omset increase/decrease, describe the main causes :							
	Capacity, Competition Activity and Business Activity							
5.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the capacity (selling, distribution):	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
6.	Excluding normal seasonal changes what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to competition in your sector activity:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
7.	What factors are limiting your ability to increase business activity? Please tick the most important factors	or or factors :						
	None -1 Access to Bank credit		-6					
	Lack of demand -2 Sales surface		-7					
	Lack of supply -3 Storage capacity		-8					
	Cost of labor -4 Competition in own sector		-9					
	Cost of finance (e.g. interest rate) -5 Others ()	-10					
8.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the average working hour:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
Employee								
9.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the number of employee :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
10	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the number of employee :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
Total Order Book and Stocks								
	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of domestic total order book:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
12	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of total order book from abroad :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
13	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of orders placed with supplier	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
14	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the volume of orders placed with supplier :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
15	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do you consider that the present level of your stocks in volume terms is :	Above normal Normal Below normal	- -;					

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY								
Selling Price								
16. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3						
17. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :								
18. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3						
19. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :								
Financial & Access to Credit								
20. Do you consider that the present financial situation of your company is :	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3						
21. Do you consider that the present situation concerning access to credit for your company is :	Easy Normal Tight	-1 -2 -3						
22. Factors are making the problem for getting credit :								
7. Condition of credit are too complicated 9. Bank policy								
8. High interest rate 4. Other ()							
Business Situation								
23. Do you consider that the present business situation of your company is	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3						
24. Do you expect that the business situation of your company during the the next six months will be :	Better Same Worse	-1 -2 -3						
THANK YOU FOR THE TIME AND COOPERATION								
Please return before 25th October 2003								
Respondent	2003							
()							



Attention:

- 1. The objectives of this survey are to get general information about companies based on employer perception at the relevant sectors.
- 2. The results of this survey will be used to calculate business confidence and composite indicators that can be used by the government and enterprises
- 3. The duty in giving information and the secret of the data will be guaranted by Statistic Act number 16 1997
- 4. This Survey does not have any relations with tax, and free of charge.

BUSINESS TENDENCY SURVEY

Trade (Retail & Wholesale) 3 rd Quarter – 2003 (July - September 2003)

DIRECTORATE FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
STATISTICS INDONESIA

6th Building, 4th Floor, Jl. DR Sutomo no 6-8 – Jakarta 10010 Telphone 3841195, 3810291 ext 4411, 3841424 Faximile: 3841424, 3841545, 3857046

Email: dretno@mailhost.bps.go.id

I. IDENTIFICATION 1. Company 2. Address (completely) 3. Classified Investment company Foreign Domestic Others Investment Investment Investment (Please tick $(\sqrt{})$) Name 5. Official Position : Telephone . 6. 7. Faximile 8. Email Main economic activity (write completely) 10. Number of permanent employees 20 - 99< 20 -1 -2 100 - 299-3 300 - 499> 500 -5 11. Number of temporary employees: 20 - 99 -5 < 20 -1 100 - 299-3 300 - 499> 500 12. a. Share of production to be exported: None -1 Available -2 b. The percentage of production to be exported: percent

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY							
	In	com	e/Omset				
1.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your months (July-September 2003) compared to the last thr sells/income/omset :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
2.	If sells/income/omset increase/decrease, describe the ma	If sells/income/omset increase/decrease, describe the main causes :					
2	Evaluding normal concerns than account the page of the		nest during the next three menths				
Э.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do yo (October-December 2003) compared to these three mon sells/income/omset :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
4.	If sells/income/omset increase/decrease, describe the ma	ain c	auses:				
				i			
	Capacity, Competitio	n Ac	ctivity and Business Activity	•			
5	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you			Increase	-1		
	months (July-September 2003) compared to the last thr the capacity (selling, distribution) :	nonths (April-June 2003) with regard to	Remain stable Decrease	-2 -3			
6.	Excluding normal seasonal changes what has been your months (July-September 2003) compared to the last thr competition in your sector activity:	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
7.	What factors are limiting your ability to increase business	What factors are limiting your ability to increase business activity? Please tick the most important fac					
	None -1		Access to Bank credit		-6		
	Lack of demand -2		Sales surface		-7	\Box	
	Lack of supply -3		Storage capacity		-8	\Box	
	Cost of labor -4		Competition in own sector		-9		
	Cost of finance (e.g. interest rate) -5		Others ()	1	-10		
8.	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your months (July-September 2003) compared to the last thr the average working hour :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
Employee							
	Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you months (July-September 2003) compared to the last thr the number of employee :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
10	 Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do (October-December 2003) compared to these three mo the number of employee : 			Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3		
Total Order Book and Stocks							
11	 Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you months (July-September 2003) compared to the last t to the volume of domestic total order book: 	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
12	 Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you months (July-September 2003) compared to the last t to the volume of total order book from abroad : 	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you months (July-September 2003) compared to the last t to the volume of orders placed with supplier	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
14	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been you months (July-September 2003) compared to the last to the volume of orders placed with supplier :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3				
15	. Excluding normal seasonal changes, do you consider volume terms is :	Above normal Normal Below normal	-1 -2 -3	2			

II. CONDITION AND PROSPECT OF THE COMPANY							
Selling Price							
16. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what has been your company's experience during these three months (July-September 2003) compared to the last three months (April-June 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
17. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :							
18. Excluding normal seasonal changes, what changes do you expect during the next three months (October-December 2003) compared to these three months (July-September 2003) with regard to the average selling price :	Increase Remain stable Decrease	-1 -2 -3					
19. If the selling price of your company <i>increase/decrease</i> , describe the main causes :							
Financial & Access to Credit							
20. Do you consider that the present financial situation of your company is :	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3					
21. Do you consider that the present situation concerning access to credit for your company is :	Easy Normal Tight	-1 -2 -3					
22. Factors are making the problem for getting credit :							
10. Condition of credit are too complicated 12. Bank policy							
11. High interest rate 4. Other ()						
Business Situation							
23. Do you consider that the present business situation of your company is	Good Satisfactory Bad	-1 -2 -3					
24. Do you expect that the business situation of your company during the the next six months will be :	Better Same Worse	-1 -2 -3					
THANK YOU FOR THE TIME AND COOPERATION Please return before 25th October 2003							
)						

Procedures to Calculate Each Business Indexes

1. Harmonize Index:

a. Industry sector:

ICI (Industry Confidence Indicator) = (PE +OB-ST)/3

PE: Production - future tendencies

OB : Total order books ST : Stock of finished goods

b. Construction sector

The construction confidence indicators (CCI) = (OB + EE)/2

OB : Total order books

EE : Employment, future tendency

c. Trade Sector

The retail trade confidence indicators (RCI) = (BS + BF - ST)/3

BS : Business situation - present

BF : Business situation - future tendency

ST : Stock of finished goods

d. Other Sector

The confidence indicators for surveys in other sectors (OSCI) = (EE + BS + BF)/3

EE : Employment - future tendency
BS : Business situation - present

BF : Business situation - future tendency

2. BTS-BPS index

There are two kinds index in BTS-BPS: Current Business Tendency index (CBTI) and Future Business Tendency index (FBTI).

- a. the score is given to each selected variables for calculating the current and the future BTI. The score is 2 (two) if the answer is "increase", score is 1 (one) if the answer is the "same", and score is 0 (zer0) if the answer is "decrease". The scores of the answer from the whole respondent are totaled for each variable to get the total score (TS)
- b. To get the index for each variable, the total score is divided with the number of respondents and multiplied by 100. Algebraically, the index is calculated with the following formula:

```
Ivi = (TS/N) \times 100\%
```

Ivi = Index for the ith selected variable

TS = Total score for each variable

N = Number of respondents

c. CBTI and FBTI are calculated independently. Each indicator are the average of several indexes, with the following formula:

CBTI or FBTI = \sum (w x Ivi)

w = the weight ($\sum w = 1$)

Ivi = Index for the ith selected variable

For CBTI, the selected variable are:

- the business income
- the production capacity used
- the number of labor/average of working hours

For FBTI, the selected are:

- domestic order
- foreign order (if exporting goods/services)
- sale price
- order for input/raw material