

POLICIES FOR SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

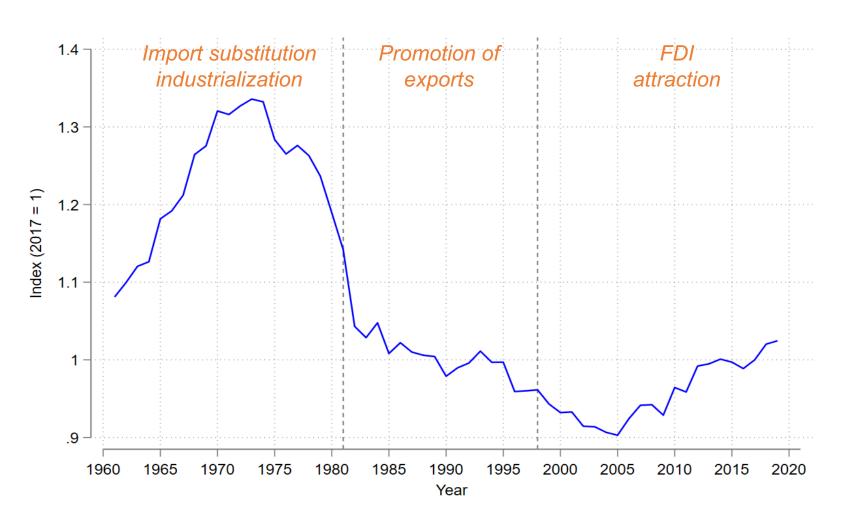
2023 Annual Conference of the OECD Global Forum on Productivity

September 27th-28th, 2023 - Santiago, Chile



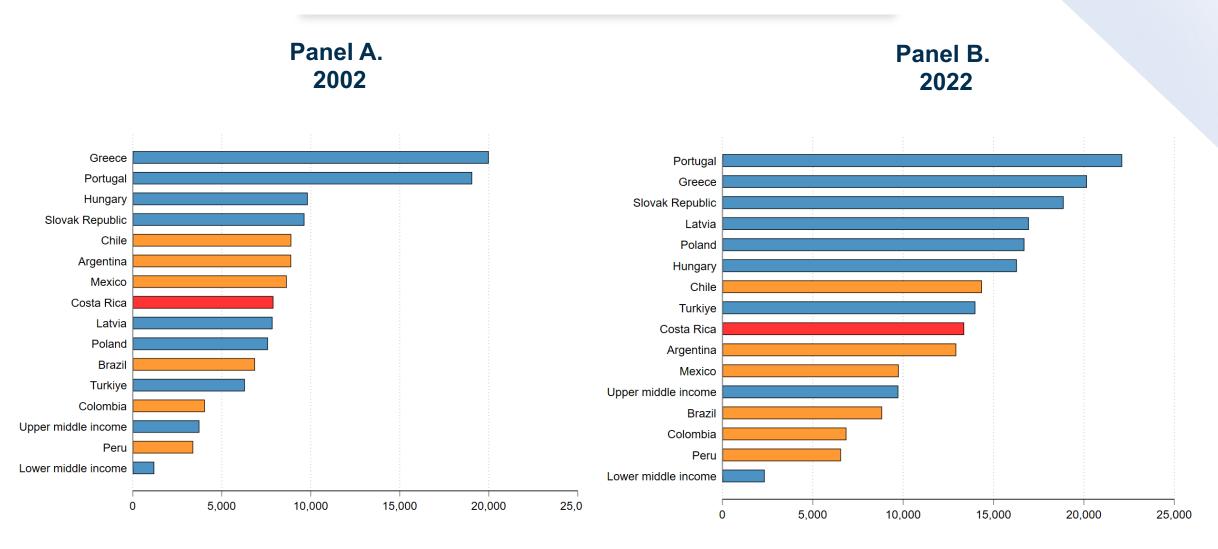
Total Factor Productivity

(1960-2019)



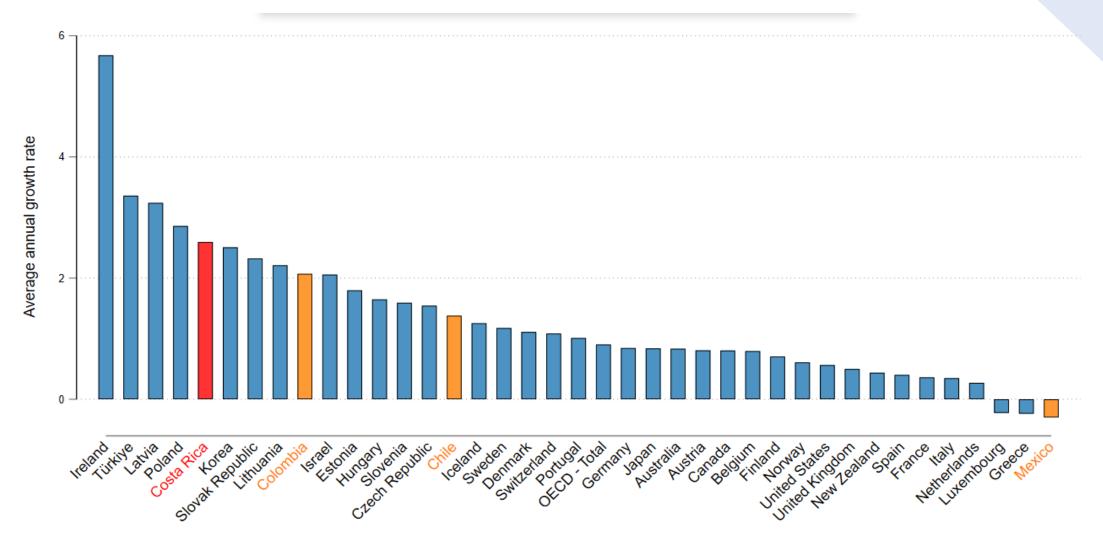
GDP per capita (constant 2015 USD)

2002 vs. 2022



GDP per hour worked

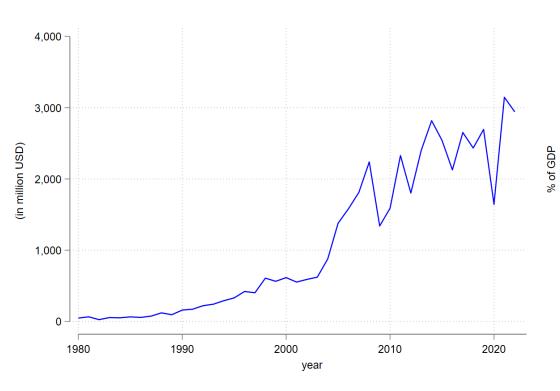
Annual average growth rate 2012-2022

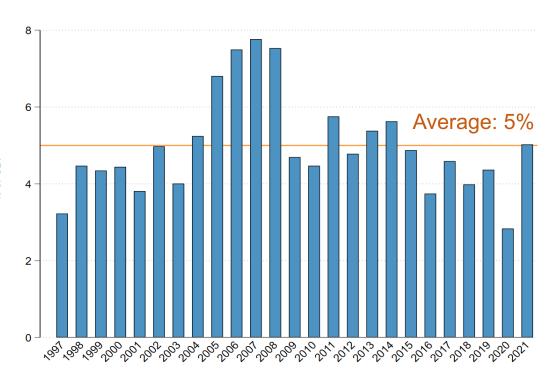


Foreign Direct Investment

(1980-2022)

Foreign Direct Investment (% of GDP) (1997-2021)

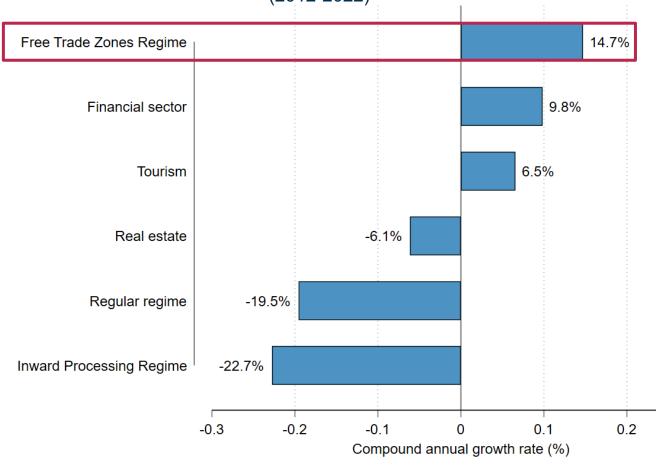




Source: CEPAL. Source: Central Bank of Costa and World Bank.

Costa Rica has followed a strategy of pursuing FDI investment by offering benefits to firms established in Free Trade Zone Regime.

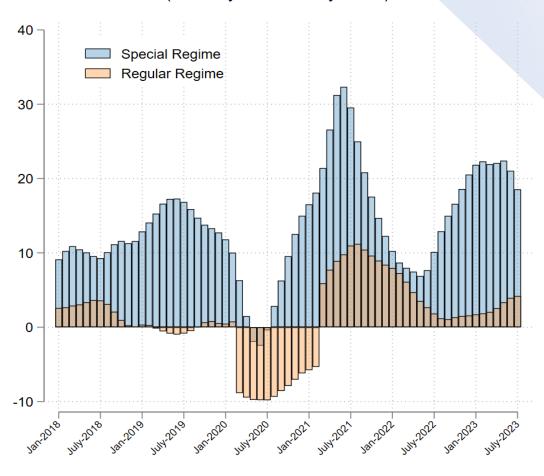
Foreign Direct Investment by regime type Compound annual growth rate (2012-2022)



Note: Preliminary data for 2021 and 2022 Source: Inter-institutional Foreign Direct Investment Group (Central Bank of Costa Rica, Costa Rican Investment Promotion Agency, Foreign Trade Promotion Enterprise, Ministry of Foreign Trade and Costa Rica Tourism Board).

Monthly Index of Economic Activity by regime type Interannual variation

(January 2018 – July 2023)



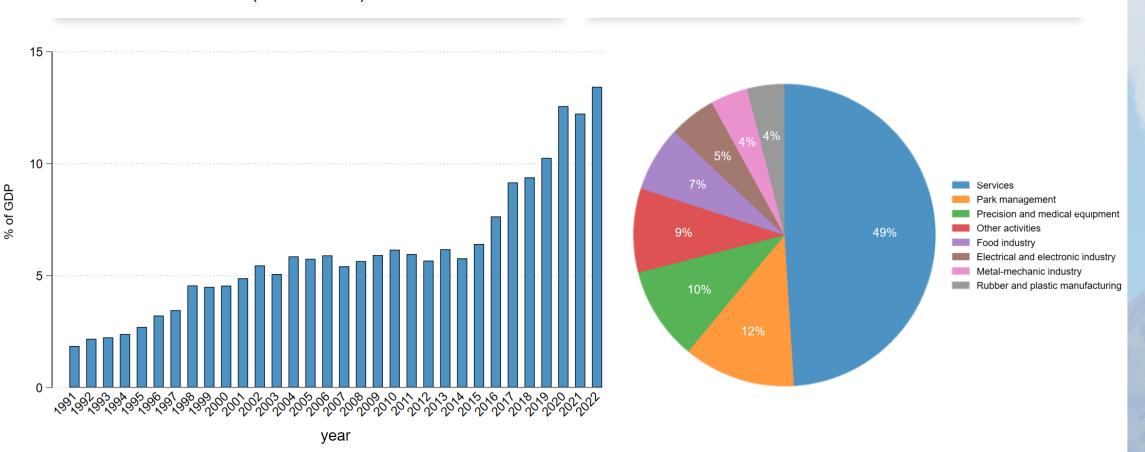
Source: Central Bank of Costa Rica.

Special Regime's contribution to GDP

(1991-2022)

Free Trade Zone firms by economic activity

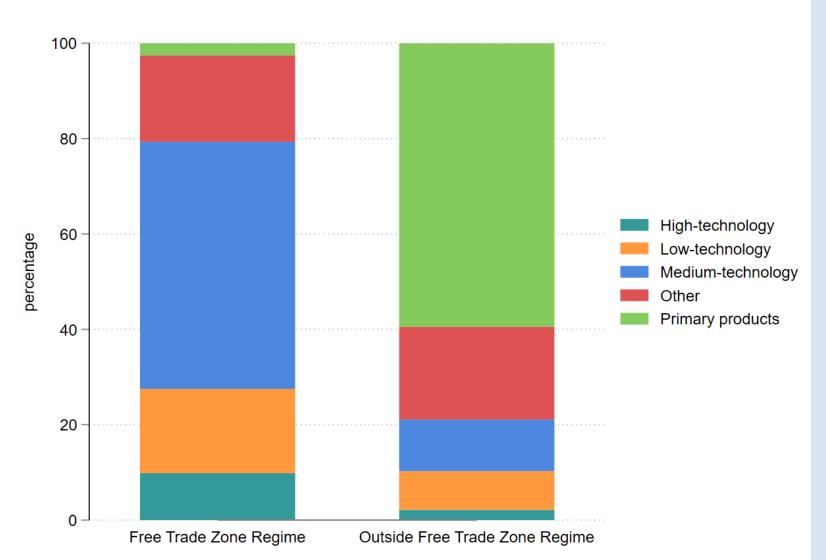
2021



Source: Central Bank of Costa Rica.

Source: Foreign Trade Promotion Enterprise (PROCOMER).

Technological intensity of FTZ goods exports by regime type 2020



In 2022, the Free Trade Zone Regime was responsible for 61.8% of Costa Rica's goods exports

Source: Foreign Trade Promotion Enterprise (PROCOMER).



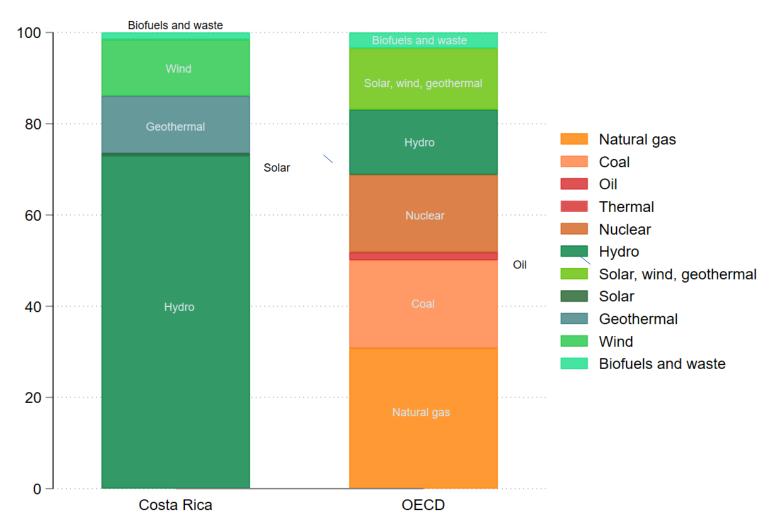
Costa Rica: Oil remains significant in the energy supply

Energy supply by source 2021

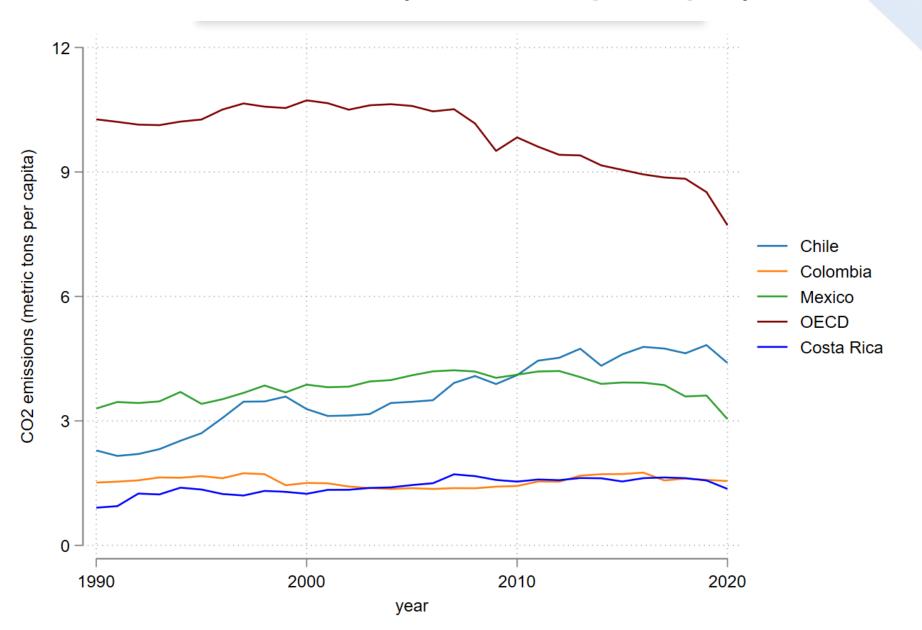


Costa Rica generates over 99% of its electricity from renewable energy sources





CO₂ emissions (metric tons per capita)



Challenge: Energy transition and growth

- Costa Rica remains as a dual economy characterized by a modern sector in Free Trade Zones and a traditional sector outside them. To boost aggregate productivity policies should continue to stimulate the productivity of domestic firms.
- Moreover, Costa Rica stands out as one of the few countries in the world that generates over 99% of its electricity from renewable energy sources (99.9% in 2020). However, electricity represents only a fraction of the nation's total energy consumption (22.3% in 2021).



Challenge: Energy transition and growth

- In fact, Costa Rica's energy transition towards a more sustainable energy system faces its greatest challenge in the **transportation sector** (i.e., collective and private mobility of people and freight), responsible for about **40**% of all carbon emissions.
 - Significant investments are needed to support renewable energy infrastructure projects and implement energy efficiency policies in the transportation sector.
 - Costa Rica requires to balance the need for sustainable energy development with fiscal responsibility.





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