

Wrap-up

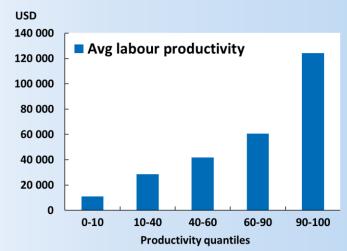
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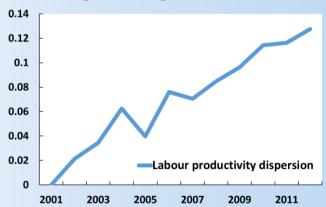


- Polarisation of business environment: `big firms are becoming bigger'...
- …linked to the digital transformation
- ...accelerated by COVID-19
- ...hampering broad-based growth
- Timely and important policy debate about "Modern industrial policy" and "taming the `superstars'"

Figure: Large productivity differences...



...growing over time



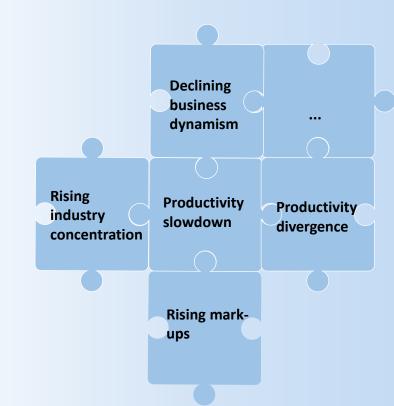
Top: Average labour productivity in 2005 USD by quantiles of the labour productivity distribution within sectors, averaged (no weights) across countries and sectors for countries BEL, DNK, FIN, FRA, PRT. Source: OECD MultiProd project.

Bottom: Year dummy estimates of a regression of log-productivity dispersion between 90th and 10th decile within country-sector pairs for AUS, AUT, BEL, CHL, DNK, FIN, FRA, HUN, ITA, JPN, NLD, NOR, NZL, SWE. Source: Berlingieri, Blanchenay and Criscuolo (2017).



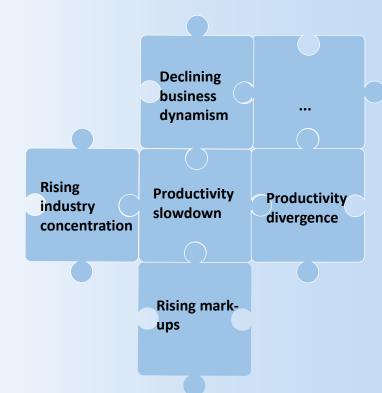
More evidence is needed

- Important puzzles remain for policies on digitalization and broad-based growth!
- Many simultaneous trends and open questions on drivers and mechanisms...
- ...need more evidence based on more detailed data to deepen our understanding



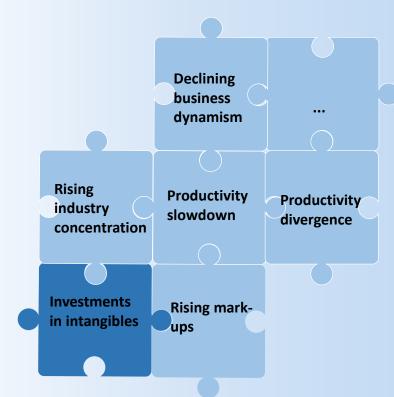


 OECD and GFP are adding new pieces to the puzzle using granular cross-country data:





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- OECD work examines role of intangibles for
 - Industry concentration
 - Mark-ups
 - Productivity dispersion





New research at OECD / GFP

- OECD and GFP are adding new pieces to the puzzle using granular cross-country data:
- OECD work examines role of intangibles for
 - Industry concentration
 - Mark-ups
 - Productivity dispersion
- The GFP's research project
 Human Side of Productivity
 examines role of skills,
 managers and organisation for productivity differences

