Two Faces of Asia: Communicating for Funding Support in ADB

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Presentation Objectives

- Role of communication in support of efforts to increase funding
- Importance of showing results
- Challenges and lessons



ADB at a Glance

- Established 1966, headquarters
 Manila, 2500+ staff; 27 field offices
- 67 members; 48 from Asia-Pacific,
 19 non-regional
- In 2009, ADB provided total loans worth US\$16 billion



Background

- Growing demand for assistance
- Financial crisis need for greater support
- Members endorsed 200% general capital increase (GCI)
- Without GCI, ADB would have had to cut back lending substantially



Challenge

- Communicating need for capital increase
- Stakeholder skepticism
- Demonstrating ADB relevance and impact



Challenge

The Wall Street Journal Europe 2 May 2008 Page 12

ADB Adrift

he Asian Development Bank's board of governors is migrating to Madrid this debate the meanil istence. That's a w to mull over a bottle or two of Asia is the world's fastest gion and doesn't much neement advice anymore.

countries that couldn't access capital that time, the Vietnam War was just

Spain backs ADB strategy after U.S. criticism

Reuters, Wednesday April 30 2008

MADRID, April 30 (Reuters) - Spain on Wednesday backed the Asian Development Bank's long-term policies to reduce poverty after U.S. criticism they fail to focus on the very poor and lack accountability. Spain's Socialist government endorsed the ADB's strategies as it prepared to host the multilateral lender's May 3-6 annual meeting in Madrid.

It follows a vote earlier this month in which the United States, one of the biggest ADB donors, rejected the bank's long-term policies to 2020.

table Diana Casin's deputy director for international financial institutions said



Strategy

Two questions

1. How do we tell our story?

2. How do we sell our story?



Telling Our Story

Messaging

- Paint pictures of contrast
 - Improved lives vs struggling poor
 - Better infrastructure vs lack of basic access
- Highlight plight of vulnerable
- Use figures, narrative, for vivid images
 - In just one generation, poverty has fallen from one in every two Asians, to one in five
 - But around 900 million people, or one-third of Asia's population, still live in extreme poverty of less than US\$1.25 a day



Two Faces

Asia Pacific is progressing

- Growth was 9% in 2007
- By 2020, just 10% expected to live on US\$1 a day
 BUT one-third of Asia's population remain extremely poor, and there are huge inequalities
- 700 million still lack access to clean water
- 1.9 billion without access to sanitation
- 100 million children are not enrolled in primary schools
- 100 million children are malnourished



Vulnerable Groups

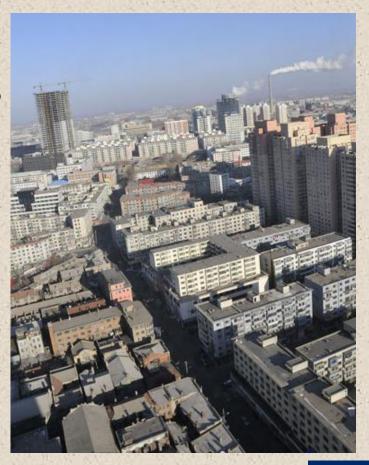




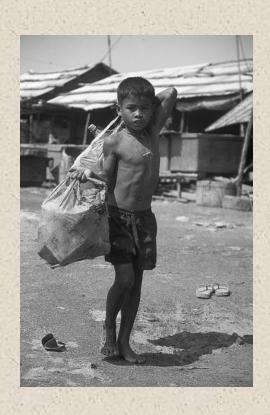


Progress and Challenges













Appeal to minds and hearts, stress partnerships

- Show results as self-evidence of success of assistance
- Point to challenges and stress continued need for assistance
- Highlight partnership efforts between ADB and DMCs



Asians Need Support to Achieve MDGs





Asia: Progress and Challenges





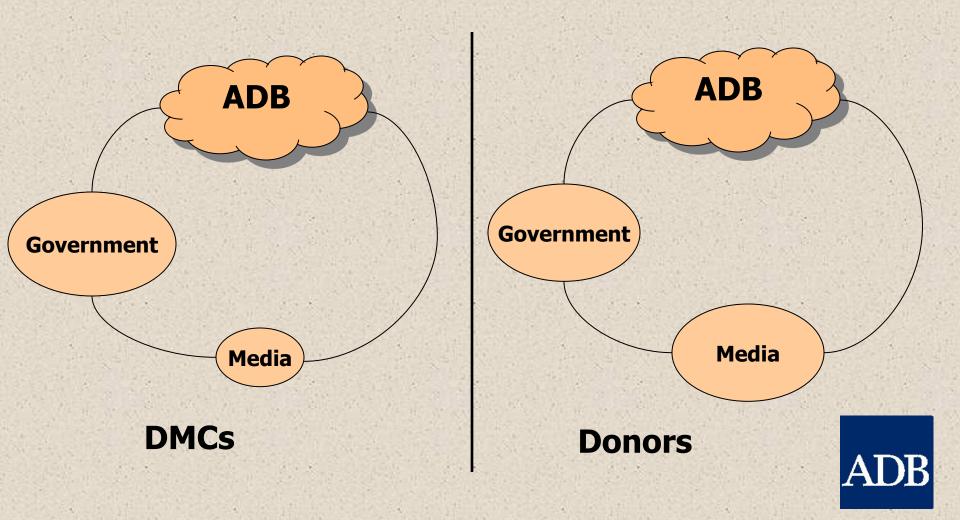
Campaign

Plan and leverage strategic events

- Develop communication strategy
- Lay groundwork
- Annual Meetings
- Secure commitment for Asian Development Fund



Stakeholders/Influencers



Campaign

Media and Communication Programs

- Media Activities
- Management Outreach
- Publications
- Speaking Opportunities
- Web
- Multimedia
- Translations



Management Driven

- President and Managing Director General led from front
- Speak in One Voice; Coordinated
- Face-to-face engagement with Government Partners
- Management-led response to adverse media reports



Showing Results: Impact Stories

- Publications to share success stories
- Reach out to donor countries
- Projects and evidence-based





Showing Results: Development Effectiveness Review

- Annual performance reporting mechanism or Development Effectiveness Review introduced
- Development Effectiveness Country Briefs



Showing Results: Development Effectiveness Review

ADB Asian Development Bank

ADB'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

Volume and Performance of ADB Operations

- ADB has been a leading development partner since Bangladesh became a member in 1973. As of 31 December 2006, cumulative public sector lending to Bangladesh amounted to \$8.2 billion— \$7.4 billion Asian Development Fund (ADF) and \$0.8 billion ordinary capital resources (OCR)—for 170 loans (158 ADE and 12 OCR). As of the and of 2006
- Project Implementation Performance and Success Rate. Of the 53 project completion reports from 1992 to 2006, 44 were rated highly successful, generally successful or successful; 7 were rated partly successful; and 2 were unsuccessful (figure 5).

Highlights of ADB Results

 Agriculture and Rural Development. The Northwest Crop Diversification Project (NCDD) approved in 2000 is raising form



ADB Asian Development Bank

ADB'S CONTRIBUTION TO DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

Volume and Performance of ADB Operations

- 8. In the period 1990–2006, ADB approved \$250.1 million in Asian Development Fund (ADF) loans and grants, and \$49.3 million in technical assistance (TA). Key sectors for ADF assistance included education, health, agriculture, and transport (figures 1 and 2). ADB assistance to PNG during the 1990s was affected by a period of
- 9. Against this backdrop, ADB's portfolio performance was generally poor, as reflected in project completion ratings (figure 3). A 2003 Country Assistance Program Evaluation concluded that ADB had supported the right development areas in PNG, but generally failed to effectively contribute to development outcomes at the sector level because of fragmented programs. Where target outcomes were achieved, their sustainability was affected by a lack of counterpart funding for recurrent operations.



DEVELOPMENT EFFECTIVENESS COUNTRY BRIEF

Papua New Guinea



ADB to lend more to crisis-hit members

Lender expects Bali meet to lead to an aggressive response to credit crisis

BY ROBIN CHAN

THE Asian Development Bank (ADB) is set to give countries in the region a boost by raising lending and giving them easier ac-cess to loans to combat a financial crisis

that is fast becoming a social one.

ADB managing director-general Rajat
Nag told The Straits Times yesterday that
he expects the four days of meetings in Bali beginning today between the ADB's policymakers and government leaders to pro-duce an aggressive response to help countries survive the global downturn.

The creation of a "counter-cyclical stim-



Managing director-general Rajat Nag believes the ADB must step up to the plate with more

"We hope the outcome of these n

"Last year, the most 🤚 serious and urgent per cen cent. T issue was the impact numb on the poor ... This Asian integr energy time the impact is watch more diffuse"

Media Campaign

Asian Development Bank to boost lending to region's poorest nations by \$10 billion

SOURCE: Associated Press AUTHOR: Stephen Wright

DATE: 2 May

BALI, Indonesia (AP) - The Asian Development Bank announced Saturday

lending to the region's poorest pations by more than \$10 billion ers and warned that the global The Jakarta Globe ing the

halve poverty by 2020.

ement comes just days after ripling of its conital to \$16

ountries

Bank plans to boost its assistance for nations struggling with the global financial crisis by \$13 billion dollars, it said on Friday.

It plans to pump an extra \$3 billion into economies in difficulty and will increase its project lending by \$10 billion dollars or

the next two years.

Meanwhile, East Asian finance chiefs are expected to try to ham-mer out details in the coming days of a proposed \$120 billion fund they can tap in the event of a currency crisis. They will meet on the sidelines of the bank's annual meeting in Bali that runs from Saturday until Tuesday, as Asia faces



International Herald Tribune

ADB calls for fast action to fight high food prices

Reuters

MADRID: The Asian Development Bank has called for immediate action from global governments to combat soaring food prices and pledged fresh financial aid to help feed the Asia Pacific region's poorest countries.

"The food crisis calls for immediate response of governments and the international community." the ADB con-

Countries including India, Vietnam, Indonesia and Brazil have imposed curbs on food exports in a bid to secure domestic supplies and limit inflation.

The ADB report blamed such market interventions for increasing price volatility, arguing that they had reduced current supply and increased uncertainty about future supplies.

Global food prices, based on United Nations records, rose 35 percent in the

BBC NEWS

Asian bank in food crisis warning

The Asian Development Bank (ADB) has warned that the crisis of rising food prices could reverse gains made in reducing poverty across the continent.

Bank president Haruhiko Kuroda warned at its annual meeting in Madrid that "the cheap food era may be over".

Donor countries have pledged more than \$11bn (£5.5bn) to a fund to ease the hardship of Asia's poorest people.

Meanwhile the African Development Bank has pledged an extra \$1bn for its loans portfolio to tackle the food crisis.

The Washington Post

Asia urged to rethink growth policies amid crisis

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By STEPHEN WRIGHT The Associated Press Sunday, May 3, 2009 7:58 AM

BALI, Indonesia -- Asia's governments must spend more on social safety nets and reduce their reliance on export-driven growth as they grapple with an economic meltdown that will keep tens of millions trapped in poverty, finance officials said Sunday.

The Asian Development Bank, holding its annual meeting in Bali, Indonesia, has warned that 61 million people will remain trapped in extreme poverty this year because of the global slump. That figure could increase to nearly 160 million if slow growth continues next year, it said.

The bank's president, Haruhiko Kuroda, said the collapse in global trade has "gathered momentum" as export markets suffer a massive contraction.



ADB to get 11.3 billion dollars to tackle poverty, food crisis

247 words 3 May 2008

Agence France Presse

Copyright Agence France-Presse, 2008 All reproduction and presentation rights reserved. Donors have pledged 11.3 billion dollars (7.3 billion euros) to the Asian Development Bank b

tackle poverty and the food crisis.

The amount is a 60 percent increase over the 7.0 billion dollars donated to the bank's Asian De the previous four-year period, it said in a statement issued late Friday on the eve of its annual

THE BUSINESS TIMES

ADB agenda positive for Asia

497 words 8 May 2008 Business Times Singapore (c) 2008 Singapore Press Holdings Limited

THERE was more than a little irony in the suggestion by US governor to the Asian Development Bank (ADB) Clay Lowery at its meeting in Madrid that the institution is in danger of becoming 'irrelevant'. In fact, the ADB has never looked more relevant to Asia's needs than now, when president Haruhiko Kuroda is pushing through a robust agenda in vitally important areas.

Not least of these is the provision of infrastructure to link Asia's far-flung markets, a priority upon which Mr Kuroda is sightly focusing. This is precisely where institutions such as the ADB have a comparative advantage. They are,

Media Campaign

To fight poverty in region Donors pledge \$11.3 billion to ADB

nors to the Asian Development Bank ave pledged \$11.3 billion for the our years 2009 to 2012 to replenish the multi-lateral body's key poverty leviation fund for Asia's poorest countries, the bank said on Friday.

The figure marks a 60 percent increase from the \$7 billion donated to

has drawn criticism from the United States that the bank is failing to focus its work on the very poor and lacks

Washington is concerned the ADB is channelling too much money to middle income countries like China and India, rather than poorer states.

Critics say the ADB has paid more

Pakistan was the largest borrower, followed by Vietnam, India, China and Indonesia.

The row between the ADB and the United States has overshadowed the annual meeting which will discuss ways to alleviate the impact of soaring food prices on Asia's poor.

The ADB's "Strategy 2020," which

${\sf Bloomberg.com}$

ADB Donors Pledge \$11.3 Billion to Region's Poorest Countries

By Shamim Adam

May 3 (Bloomberg) -- The Asian Development Bank said donor countries pledged loans of \$11.3

next four years to fund infrastructure spending and fight poverty in the region's ies.

nent to the Asian Development Fund, or ADF, is a 60 percent increase from the when donors contributed \$7 billion in low-interest loans and grants between 2005 ender said in a statement. The funds are available for distribution between 2009



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The ADB Is Helping Asia's Poorest

By Haruhiko Kuroda

This week's agreement by the Asian Development Bank board of governors to tri-

in timely, welil financial dictable

The new capital

increase will

let us do more:

3 May 2009 leverage

ment Goals laid down by the United Nations in 2000, including those related to nutrition and health. A three-percentage-point drop in the region's GPP growth rate in 2009 will translate into around 10 million more undernourished people, more than 50,000 more deaths of children younger than five years old, and about

2,000 more mothers dying in childbirth. It also translates into a one-year delay in achieving targets relating to infant mortality and hunger.

Governments in the region face the stark challenge of stemming the impacts of nomic stability, strengthen financial systems and trade regimes, protect the most vulnerable members of society against the worst impacts of the crisis, and minimize cutbacks in investments in infrastructure, education and health programs—investments that are critical for long-term growth and social stability. The capital increase will dramatically enhance our ability to carry out this role. Every dollar of paid-in capital to the ADB has historically led to \$15 in new lending.

However, we do not intend to rest on our laurels. Even with a 200% capital increase, our resources will be small relative to the region's huge development financing

The Jakarta Post

'Compromising the next generation':

Rajat M. Nag

The Asian Development Bank (ADB) is holding its 42nd annual meeting of board of governors in Bali from Saturday to Tuesday as the US-led global financial crisis is taking its toll on Asia. The Jakarta Post's Aditya Suharmoko talked to ADB managing director general Rajat M. Nag on ADB's contributionand controversy. The following are excerpts of the interview.

Question: What is the urgency for ADB to have a general capital increase (GCI) by three times amid the global financial crisis?

Answer: The biggest challenge in the Asia-Pacific is to fight poverty. And even before the financial crisis, we have estimated that Asia needs about US\$53 billion per year to achieve the Millennium Development Goals. Asia has grown very well in terms of economic growth over the last two decades. But it still has a huge number of people ... 900 million people living under \$2.5 dollar per day, 600 million are without access to clean water, 1.9 billion without access to education ... Asia is a continent with two faces: One is very nice, a lot of modernization; the other one is not so shiny, with peoplein very poor condition. ...

One in every five Asians is living under \$2.5 dollar per day. We will contribute to fight against poverty.

there won't be a significant increase, we expect to increase our lending by \$10 billion for two years. We want to be able to provide more resources, or fiscal stimulus. We've created recently trade financing of \$1 billion.

So what we will do with the general capital increase? We'll increase our resources to our member countries, including Indonesia, to fight poverty. (And) because of the global financial crisis, economic growth in Asia will be 3 percent lower than last year. Last year, we grew by 6.3 percent. For 2009, we expect it to be 3.4 percent.

Because of the 3 percent decline, 60 million people more will remain poor, 10 million more will be undernourished ... In Asia, the financial crisis is more a social crisis.

Does it mean that by borrowing money from ADB, Indonesia is tied to terms and agreements that it should



BLOOMBERG/DIMAS ARDIA

try Partnership Strategy (CPS). We discuss with the government at the beginning of the year, a three-year cycle. What the country needs, what ADB can do and agree on CPS. The fundamental objective in every country is to fight poverty. So Indonesia borrows money from ADB to fight poverty. But how the government wants to use the money is up to the government of decide.

Obviously we talk to the government about infrastructure financing, trade financing. We're talking about support to small- and medium-sized enterprises and the education sector.

How do you see the protests held by several non-government organiza-



Challenges

- Managing sensitivities
- Winning over key stakeholders
- Communicating success stories



Lessons

- Creating key messages which will resonate
- Developing strategy to match resources

- Management buy-in and participation
- Improvising and adapting strategy



Final Thoughts

- Challenging journey
- Consistent message, realistic plan
- Perseverance, focus

"Look at the world around you. It may seem like an immovable, implacable place. It is not. With the slightest push – in the right places, it can be tipped."

Malcolm Gladwell 'The Tipping Point' (2000)

